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EDMONTON

New Dreamland Theatre
NOW SHOWING
Gene Autry Smiley Burnett in
"Coming Round The Mountain"
Frankie Thomas, G. P. Huggie in
"Dog Of Flanders"

REDCLIFF REVIEW

New Dreamland Theatre
COMING MONDAY
"SNOW WHITE"
Gene Brent, Genevieve Tobin
"Return of Jimmy Valentine"
Half Hour Bargain Each Night

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

Volume 25 THE REDCLIFF REVIEW THURSDAY JULY 30th. 1936 Number 38

Conncil Decides To Handle The Prosperity Bonds

Will Accept Bonds For Taxes And Local Utilities

Council met in regular session last Monday evening with Mayor Gangster in the chair and Councilors Hope, Rindahl, Moore, Evans, Newnham and Brydle present.

Mr. George McKay, engineer at the pumping station, appeared before council on request of the water committee to explain conditions relative to the machinery at the pump station. He stated that all the machinery was in bad condition. It was badly worn out and difficulty was experienced in keeping the plant in operation at the present time when there is such a demand for water.

Council decided to secure the services of a qualified outside engineer to inspect the plant and give a report on its condition, stating repairs and improvements required, and approximate cost of same

The School Board's request for $500 was granted.

As Rev. R. E. Pow has left town, Rev Ellison was appointed to take his place on the Board of Health.

Accounts as passed by the finance committee were approved for payment.

On motion of councilor Brydle, the council went on record as being in favor of accepting Alberta Prosperity Bonds for taxes and local utilities. The motion passed unanimously.

It was also decided to investigate the possibilty of street improvements in town under the Prosperity Bond system.

There was some discussion regarding the possibility of making arrangements with the Medicine Hat hospital and local doctor for organizing a system by which accommodation could be secured on a monthly payment basis from employees of the several industries in town and their families. It was decided to have representatives from each plant meet the council for the purpose of discussing the question in an endeavor to arrive at some satisfactory arrangement.

700,000 SURPLUS CATTLE in ALBERTA

Hon. W. N. Chant, minister of agriculture, is to proceed to Ottawa to join Hon. Chas. Cockroft, provincial treasurer and minister of municipal affairs, in urging the need of drouth relief upon the Dominion government, Premier Aberhart said Monday.

At Ottawa, Mr. Chant and Mr Cockroft will confer with federal officials on ways and means of dealing with the estimated surplus of 700,000 cattle in this province.

Mr Percy Vincent, Lord Mayor of London, will leave short ly for Canada to attnd the jubilee celebration at Vancouver. He will bring with him a picture of Capt. George Vancouver's tomb in Petersham cemetary, and will present it to the city which is named after its discoverer.

W. King Writes On Vimy Memories

Articles in Magazine Section of The Calgary Herald

In the magazine Section of the Calgary Herald last Saturday, Mr. Walter King, principal of the school here, and who is one of the pilgrims to Vimy Ridge, has two splendid articles reviewing the experiences of Canadian soldiers at Vimy Ridge where they won undying fame in the taking of that considered impregnable stronghold from the enemy on April 9th, 1917.

The articles, both pros and poetry, are exceptionally well written and well worth reading. The poetry was written by Mr King in the trenches just after the battle of Vimy when he was eighteen years of age.

The articles give expression to the sentiments and views of thousands of Canadians in the following closing paragraph of the prose selection.

So, in the shadow of the pylons if you ask us if it was all worth while, even though dictat ors still clank the steel and fearful nations rearm, our answer must surely be in the affirmative. True, national hostilities have been carried on far into the post-war period. But just as true is it that out of the [illegible] of battle, that welter of blood and hate, a new spirit of brotherhood was born into the great masses of the people uniting them with a single purpose a sincere wish, and a fervent hope*** the solution of internat ional difficulties through the media of love, justice and toleration. The very thought of war is nauseating to them and so long as their best efforts are directed towards the abolition of that antiquated and insane method of settling disputes, we cannot say that the struggle was entirely in vain.

Yes, that will be the answer.

An odorizing apparatus, that regulates with the gas a chemical whose odor is easily recognizable and immediately calls attention to any leak in the gas mains or household connection, has been installed in Medicine Hat.

Registration Here Early in August

For Those Eligible to Receive Basic Dividends

Dr. J. L. Robinson, M. L. A., who has returned from the Social Credit caucus in Edmonton, states that registration will commence here about August 1. A registration booth will be opened in Redcliff for this purpose. Those who fail to register on the dates set for here will not have an opportunity to do so again until next June. Minors who will arrive at their majority before next June can register next month but will not be eligible for a dividend until one month after they attain the age of 21.

Repairing Highway To Box Springs Dsstrict

Work is Being Financed With Prosperity Bonds

A gang of men and teams are now at work grading the highway from here to the Box Springs district. Work commenced north of the C. P. R. at the station. When the grading is completed it is the intention to gravel the highway with the main road to Empress.

The work is being financed with Prosperity Bonds. Mr. J. Dacre is in charge of the work.

Mr. Dan S. Reid, who has been a partner in the Boyd and Reid firm, Medicne Hat, for the past 23 years, has severed his connection with that firm owing to ill health and is leaving for Vancouver where he will reside in future. Dan is well known in Redcliff as he has been a weekly visitor here in connection with the company's wholesale business for a number of years. His customers and numerous other friends regret his leaving and wish him improving health in his new home.

* * *

LOOK AT YOUR LABEL

S. C. Member Wins Much Approval

According to reports from Social Credit officials, S. A. C. Barnes Social Credit member for Edmonton, has been read out of the party. The reason given for his being thrown overboard is, in substance, that he spoke his own mind and was willing to lie down and roll over like a well trained pup does at the crack of the whip of its master.

The show down came last week when Mr. Barnes expressed his disapproval of the manner adopted by the premier in announcing his plans in connection with the initiation of social credit dividends, without first consulting the members.

The average man on the street admires a member, either of the legislature or of parliament, who has back bone enough to stand by his own convictions, regardless of his pity whip. For this reason Mr. Barnes is getting considerable praise from the gallery for the stand he has taken.

Supposing the Mayor of a city or town, without consulting his aldermen or councillors, came out flat footed and said the council would do so-and-so. Ain't supposing some of the officials were not in favor of this. Would they sit down and let the Mayor out-Hitler Hitler? Certainly not. Then why should members of the legislature be expected to do so?

During the last provincial election Mr. Aberhart and his candidates were loud in their criticism of the Big Shots whom they claimed were controlling the governmenes. Mr. Aberhart is now the Big Shot in the legislature.

President Roosevelt will pay a friendly visit to Quebec on Friday of this week. He will be the guest of Baron Tweedsmuir, Governoor General of Canada, and will be welcomed by Premier King. This will be the first visit of a U. S. president with a Governor General on Canadian soil.

Operators at Glass Factory Have Picnic

Spent Pleasant Afternoon at The River

Machine operators at the Glass Factory and their assistants enjoyed a picnic outing at the river last Sunday. About twenty-five of them were present and spent a pleasant afternoon.

Before lunch was served, outdoor games of various kinds were played and several competitions were introdcced.

Bill McCleary's team won the tug-of-war and Jack Hope's line up won out in the rugby game.

E. Perlesta acted as chief chef and served up a lunch which tickled the palates of all. Ice cream and soft drinks were also served during the afternoon and cookies biscuits and sand sandwiches were not relished by some for dessert.

S. C. Caucus Approves Dividend Registration

House Members to Arrange For The Registration

Approval of a province wide registration of citizens commencing on August 1 in connection with the payment of basic dividends was given by the Social Credit members' caucus at Edmonton last Friday.

The work is to be handled by the Social Credit member in each respective constituency, while it is expected that volunteer assistance will be given.

Registration forms will be issued and all who desire to register must appear personally except in cases of illness. All adults over 21 years of age, who have resided in the province for one year and are British subjects, are entitled to register.

Social Credit members will arrange for the registration and any assistance needed will be voluntary.

Establishment of credit houses in towns and larger villages will be the next move the premier said.

Churches

ST. MARY'S CHURCH

Mass will be celebrated on the 3rd Sunday of each month at 8:30 a. m

* * *

ST. AMBROSE CHURCH

Rev H. S Hamnett, Vicar

5th Sunday after Trinity July 12th, 1936.

8 a. m. Holy Communion.
10:00 a m Sunday School
11.00a.m. No Service
7:30 p m Evensong
Terra Nova
11.00 a. m. Holy Communion.

GORDON MEMORIAL UNITED CHURCH

Rev. H. V. Ellison, Pastor

Sunday August 2 1936
10 a. m. Church School.
11.15 Morning Service
3 p m Service at Bowell.
No evening service.

Result of the Manitoba Election Still in Doubt

Bracken Cannot Now Secure a Majority Over All

Latest Reports of the Manitoba election makes it almost certain tha no one party will have a majority over all when the votes are all counted.

Although the Liberal- Progressives have elected the largest number so far with only 18 members, and leading in five constituencies their chances are very slim for making further gains.

The standing at present is:

Liberal- Progressives	****18
Conservatives elected	****10
Social Credit elected	****4
C. C. F, elected	****..... 1
Independent elected	**** **1
Communists elected	******1
Lib- Progressives leading	**5
Conservatives leading	******0
C. C. F leading	**** **..... 4
Social Credit leading	*****1
Independent leading	**** **2
Deferred elections	******..2
Total	*****55

From the present standing it would appear that the only way in which a government could be formed would be by the Liberal-Progressives amalgamated with Progressives amalgamated with a few other prties or that the whole opposition joined together as a union

Then all there are 55 seats in the House and the election in two of these has been deferred, The Pas and Rupert's Dand.

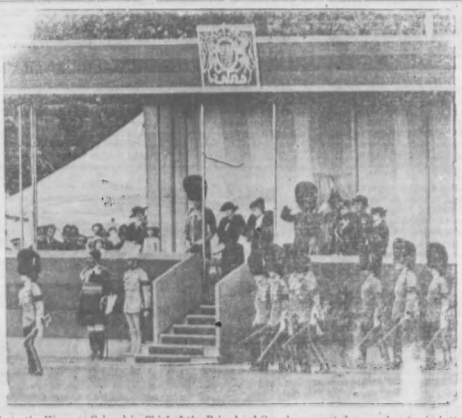
All opposition parties made gains from the government and are still leading in 13 constituencies, while Bracken supporters are leading in only 5

The one Communist member elected is the first to be elected in any provincial assembly in the Dominion.

One sensational feature of the result in Winnipeg was the election of L. St.George Stubbs former Manitoba county court judge, at the top of the poll on the first count. He polled 24,671 votes when only 7,108 was the vote-quota necessary to elect a candidate in that city, under the proportional representation system.

Reports coming in from throughout the province are making little change in the present standing.

500 men are fighting forest fires on three scattered fronts in the Southern Alberta foothills. These fires are reported now under control.



His Majesty the King, as Colonel-in-Chief of the Brigade of Guards, presented new colors to six battalions in Hyde Park and later was the principal figure in the amazing attempt on his life. In the picture the King (left) is leaving the Royal Box, in which may be seen Queen Mary and other members of the Royal Family

VISIT THE LESK'S FURNITURE STORE
For New Furniture & House Furnishings
of every description and at prices that will appeal to all
Your Used Furniture Taken in Exchange
Our Used Furniture Dept. has a number of Bargains to offer you.
Call and See Them
Terms can be Arranged
LESK'S
Furniture Exchange
3rd Street, Medicine Hat



Home Markets For Local Produce

Assuming that a statement appearing recently in the daily press is correct, it seems an anomaly that a country so well equipped in many sections to produce wool as Canada should have to import that commodity from other countries.

Yet such apparently is the fact if credence can be given to the published assertion of L. R. McGregor of Toronto, Assistant Trade Commissioner for Australia to Canada when he said in a recent interview that "Canada is Australia's third best wool customer."

Not only are the western provinces well suited to wool production, both on large scale on the ranches in southern areas of Saskatchewan and Alberta and in all three prairie provinces on smaller scale from farm flocks, but it is generally conceded by authorities that conditions in these provinces enable Western Canada to produce wool of quality equal to the best anywhere.

Time was, not much more than a decade ago, when a substantial percentage of Western Canadian fleeces were offered to the market in poor condition. The quality often was there but many of the fleeces were greasy, filled with burrs and generally speaking ill prepared for market requirements.

Since that time, however, producers have learned a great deal about the preparation of wool, and the standard of the product has been vastly improved, so much so, in fact, that an unkempt fleece in shipments for market from the prairies is a comparative rarity today.

That being the case, it can be asserted with confidence that Western Canada can produce sufficient quality wool for domestic requirements in addition to considerable quantities annually for export, and the producer is now complying with market requirements in the preparation of his product.

Why, then, should it be necessary for Canada to import wool from other countries such as Australia and the Argentine? In the light of the facts, that appears an unanswerable question.

Another anomalous factor in the Canadian wool industry is the fact that although Eastern Canadian woollen mills are equipped with machinery to produce, tops (wool in a partly manufactured condition) the machines are standing idle while tops are being imported from Great Britain. The reason, it is explained, is because tops can be manufactured more cheaply in England than in Canada. This is a plausible explanation, though the situation is an unfortunate one for this country, when it is remembered that there are plenty of idle workmen still in the East.

The anomalous situation at the production end, however, is one which should lead to some inquiries in the hope that the cause for a country like Canada importing wool can be discovered and, if feasible, rectified.

The statement made by the assistant trade commissioner for Australia engenders the thought that possibly there is room for considerable development of the domestic market for other Western Canadian agricultural products, and inspires the question whether everything that is possible is being done to ensure absorption of home products in local markets to the greatest possible extent. If other agricultural products are subjected to competition of similar imported commodities, it is a very unfortunate thing for the producers, and especially is this the case at a time when farmers are turning to greater diversification because they are forced to it by the European wheat situation.

Perhaps the solution to the problem of finding wider domestic markets for home grown products lies in the laboratory and this is a question worthy of investigation by farmer organizations, boards of trade and similar institutions and the governments.

There are men today working quietly in private laboratories seeking means to extract by-products from wheat and other agricultural products, of which Western Canada has a great abundance, capable of conversion into fuels, clothing and other necessities and there is no doubt there is great opportunity for more research work along these lines.

The work of some of these men leads to the belief that therein may lie at least a partial solution of some of the west's agricultural problems. It is stated, and not without authority, that the secret of the manufacture of some of these commodities on a commercially feasible basis, has been wrested from test tubes and retorts and other paraphernalia of chemical and electrical engineering laboratories, and that all that is needed to make them a marketable reality is the necessary capital. Where this is to be found for such projects is another question.

Thanks To Stamp Collectors

Heavy Purchases Financed Trip Of Dirigible Around World

It was stamp collectors' heavy purchases of Hindenburg commemorative stamps that made the recent flight of the big dirigible to this country possible, Dr. Hugo Eckener told an audience of New York stamp collectors.

The famous designer said that seven flights were paid for only with the help of the stamp collectors and that they paid the whole expense of the famous trip around the world.

Explorers and pioneers in transportation of all sorts have a source of support in the stamp collectors of the world these days, and the collectors welcome the chance to share in the expense if it means a commemorative cover, suitably marked, for such a thing can never be duplicated, and is likely to increase in value. What a help a few thousand stamp collectors would have been to Columbus! — Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

A water drop cannot rise above the level of the body of water of which it is a part unless the sun's rays draw it up or unless it is driven by mechanical power, as in a spraying fountain.

Cotton and artificial silk material are being made by a process that insures it against wrinkling.

Expert In X-Ray Work

People Owe Heavy Debt To Skill Of A Woman

Every war veteran whose life was saved by X-ray location of a bullet in his body, every civilian whose hidden abscess beneath a tooth has been found by X-ray, owes a debt to the skill and devoted efforts of Elizabeth Fleischman Ashelm. This woman, who has been called an American Joan of Arc, was not a physician but became interested in X-ray work through a doctor brother-in-law. She took a course in electrical science, bought X-ray apparatus and fluoroscope, rendered valuable aid to the Army during the Spanish-American War, and showed by the excellence of the diagnostic X-ray pictures she took how much X-rays could add to military surgery. After the war she saw the possibilities of X-rays in dental work and was busy with this for the few remaining years of her life.—Quebec Chronicle-Telegraph.

A music-hall magician opens his act by guaranteeing to tell the exact age of any lady in the audience. The remainder of his turn is quite popular, though.

Church is the only place you have to be early to get a back seat.

And the darkest hour is just before the pawn.

2159

Great Change Taking Place

Women Drifting Away From Kitchen Work Survey Shows

The average American woman is drifting further from her traditional place in the kitchen, according to a survey made by Quax, an honorary scientific fraternity for women at the University of Pittsburg.

The scientific co-eds came to their conclusions while studying problems encountered in a quest of employment. Their detailed survey represented an effort to clarify and classify the many-sided difficulties in job-seeking and their relationship with the university graduate.

Interviews, letters and telephone calls to and from a thousand personnel directors of business organizations and public institutions revealed that many positions are waiting for trained women.

Opportunities are available, it was found, in a wide variety of business, educational and scientific spheres. Almost every branch of city, state and federal departments indicated that women, especially those trained in science, are needed.

The many possibilities included almost every phase of activity except that centred by the kitchen. The fate of the family's meals, it was indicated, is facing highly uncertain times.

Extension Of Trade

Says Canada Should Co-operate With The Rest Of The World

Canada's aim should be greater development of trade with Great Britain, Hon. G. H. Ferguson told the Galt Kiwanis Club.

While advocating extension of trade, the former high commissioner to London said Canada can never follow a policy of isolation. Canada should co-operate with the rest of the world for its betterment and advancement. Britain has the greatest market in the world and the Dominion should capitalize to the fullest extent on this fact, he said.

The speaker predicted the Dominion would soon be a dominant trade nation once again and said the close connection between Canada and Great Britain has been an immense advantage. He paid tribute to the foresight and purpose of the fathers of confederation who were "not dreamers but practical builders."

Drouth Stricken Areas

To Expand Drouth Rehabilitation Work In The West

Under the impetus of extension of drouth-stricken areas in Western Canada the Dominion government has decided to expand its drouth-rehabilitation work in the west.

Hon. J. G. Gardiner, minister of agriculture, said financial assistance would be given farmers in the digging of "dugouts" or reservoirs of water for stock. This decision means assistance will now be given to all water conservation projects.

The basis of assistance to dugouts is three cents per cubic yard of dirt moved up to a maximum of $50. In all cases the government provides engineering advice and all assisted projects must be approved by engineers.

Assistance on the same basis is provided for the construction of small dams.

Great Difference In Weight

Small And Large Parcels Sent Recently By Air Freight

Contrast in United States air freight traffic was shown the other day when a parcel weighing only two ounces and another weighing 500 pounds were transported.

The two-ounce package was a single false tooth the owner had left behind in a hotel bedroom, afterwards wirelessing an urgent message to have his forgotten "filler" rushed to him. A mining machine crankshaft made up the 500-pound "parcel."

Another strange consignment was sent by a surgeon in Mexico. It was a tiny piece of living tissue and was rushed to New York for analysis. Laboratory workers carried out their tests and results were telegraphed to the surgeon.

Coronation Plans

Duke Of York Heads Committee In Charge Of Arrangements

The Duke of York will head the committee in charge of plans for the coronation next May 12, The London Gazette announced.

The committee includes Prime Minister Baldwin, the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, Chancellor of the Exchequer Neville Chamberlain, the Earl of Athlone, Sir Samuel Hoare, David Lloyd George, Winston Churchill and Sir Austen Chamberlain.

Tragedy In Northern Seas

Russian Scientists Succumb To Cold And Hardships

Twenty-year-old Ian Krukhoff related the story of a grim voyage through the wild and icy waters of the White sea with a cargo of 10 dead men.

Krukhoff was the lone survivor of a party of 12, all members of a scientific expedition. He reached safety in a lifeboat loaded with the bodies of 10 of the others. The 11th was not recovered.

The 12, headed by the hydrographer, G. Hardinoff, left the expedition's steamer Toros on June 27 in a small boat to make a study of the depth of the sea between Archangel and Kandalaksha bay, on a route crossing the Arctic circle.

"After three days' work," said the youth, "we decided to return to the ship.

"We were caught by a storm. Mountainous waves capsized the boat and swept away the oars, equipment and our comrade Nikolai Fedoseyeff, whom we never saw again. Struggling in the water, the rest of us with great difficulty managed to right the boat and climb in.

"Then for a day and a night we were the prey of a furious sea.

"We had no oars; we tried frantically to row with our hands. The boat constantly shipped water. We scooped it out with our hands and our caps. It was horribly cold. One after another, my companions died of exposure and exhaustion until I was left alone with 10 bodies.

"The sea grew rougher, and it was only by tying my right wrist to the oarlock that I was able to stick to the boat."

From Siam To Surrey

Ex-King Prajadhipok Has Settled Down In England

Ex-King Prajadhipok of Siam has just moved into his new home, on which he spent £100,000 in improvements, in Surrey, England. It is a red brick house, standing in 15 acres of gardens, and it has four reception rooms, 12 bedrooms and six bathrooms. Every one of the rooms has been specially designed and furnished. The dining-room is in early Queen Anne style, the drawing-room in late Queen Anne. The other rooms are more modern. A motion picture theatre has also been built in which the family entertains visitors. Prajadhipok buys the latest talking films, and favors American gangster pictures.

SELECTED RECIPES

BANANA CAKE

½ cup butter
1 cup white sugar
2 eggs
4 tablespoons sour milk
1 teaspoon soda
1¾ cups Purity Flour
2 teaspoons baking powder
½ teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon vanilla
1 cup mashed bananas

Method: 1. Cream butter; add sugar. 2. Add well-beaten eggs. 3. Add bananas and vanilla; beat well. 4. Dissolve soda in milk. 5. Sift flour with baking powder and salt and add, alternately, with milk to mixture No. 3. 6. Bake in loaf tin 50 minutes in moderate oven of 350 degrees.

Emigrant: (Writing back home) "And all the way across the long train journey was so tiresome that one man kept shouting at every stop 'Bored', 'Bored'. We were too—but we didn't say nothing."

Tall men live longer than short men, thin men longer than fat, married men longer than bachelors, and vegetarians longer than carnivorous men, according to statistics.

The word rosary is derived from the Latin rosarium, which was originally a garland of roses and used to crown the image of the Virgin Mary.



House Flies Breed In Garbage

Dangerous Disease Carriers Menace To Public Health

For many years public health efforts have reduced the scourge of typhoid fever and many other dangerous, contagious diseases by government enforced legislation in respect to the inspection of cattle, milk-pasteurization, the chemical purification of suspected water supplies, and the elimination of many other known breeding sources of disease. But little has been done officially about the common house-fly. Each summer it infests the land wherever mankind exists. It is borne and bred in rotten animal or vegetable matter, lives on filth and refuse. It carries germs of infectious diseases into the home endangering the health of everyone, from the defenceless baby in its crib to the elders of the house who relish the tasty salad, upon which a fly may have recently been feasting and spreading disease germs that have accumulated on its hairy legs.

Public spirited citizens should fully realize the seriousness of this menace and take measures to check it. Searching out hidden unsanitary fly breeding places, keeping homes well screened and foods covered at all times are important. But the quickest and simplest method of killing all flies is to place a few saucers of Wilson's Fly Pads around the house. They will attract the flies and kill them all in a few hours.

The Court Of Claims

Begins Its Sittings After Coronation Date Is Set

After the Coronation date is set, the strangest Court in the world begins its sittings in London. The Coronation proclamation set up the Court of Claims. It considers pedigrees and hereditary rights to serve the King in person.

Some claims which have come before the Court are:

To support the King to the altar.

To carry the Great Spurs (part of the Coronation regalia).

To carry the Cap of Maintenance.

To drink the King's wine as a guard against poisoners.

To have the bed which the King sleeps on the night before he is crowned.

Three claims which are likely to be allowed are those of:

The Earl of Shrewsbury, as Lord High Steward of Ireland, to carry a white wand as symbol of his office.

The Baron of the Cinque Ports to hold a canopy over the King's head at the Abbey.

The Lord of the Manor of Worksop to present to the King a pair of fine gloves.

Plan Crime Hospital

Scheme Is Suggested By Several Prominent British Physicians

A movement to found a "crime hospital," where criminals may be sent for psychological treatment instead of being imprisoned, has been launched by Lord Dawson of Penn and several other prominent British physicians and psychologists. Officials of the home office are said to be in sympathy with the scheme, which they believe may lead to revolutionary changes in the state's attitude on crime. An appeal for $50,000, with which to build a clinic in London, is being made.

Plan Huge Liner

New Vessel To Be Longer And Larger Than The Queen Mary

Preparations for constructing a bigger and faster companion to the S.S. Queen Mary were begun tentatively on the Clydebank. In shipping circles it was said the liner, if constructed, would probably be christened the King George V.

An official order for the construction still is awaited. It was suggested the projected liner would have a tonnage of about 85,000 as compared to the 80,773 of the Queen Mary.

An official of the John Brown Company which built the Queen Mary for the Cunard-White Star Line said: "We are almost certain to be given a tender although we have not received an official confirmation of the order."

The company had expected to receive an order for a battleship, but it was understood the admiralty work would be spread instead to other shipbuilders in North England to leave the John Brown Company free for the liner.

Cunard-White Star officials have been inspecting models of the proposed liner while experts have produced altered and refined engine designs.

A Brown official said, "The new ship will be larger than the Queen Mary and faster."

It was understood that present plans call for a longer ship with greater passenger accommodations.

The ship, it was said, would probably be placed in commission in 1935.

The Left Turn

Care Should Be Exercised In Making Turn At Road Intersections

A well known writer has estimated that a large proportion of auto accidents are caused by neglect of drivers to observe ordinary care in making the left turn at street and road intersections. The following points are noted:

If you desire to turn to the left do not approach the intersection on the extreme right of the street or highway but keep close to the centre of the road. If you approach on the extreme right you may turn to the left just as another car is coming up on your left.

Do not turn to the left close to the centre of the intersection but continue across the intersection until you are almost directly opposite the right side of the intersecting road or street, then turn to the left. If you turn to the left at the centre of the intersection you are in danger of meeting, head on, a car coming up from your left.

Be sure to give the proper signal a reasonable time before you come to the intersection so that cars coming from behind are prepared for what you intend to do.

Even if the road or street is not marked with a strip up the centre, there are two imaginary strips on every road and street—the right and the left. On every right or left strip there are one, two or even three lanes. Keep on your own strip and in your own lane is the best advice possible to avoid accident.

Old tramcar bodies, discarded in favor of trolley-buses in various parts of London, can be bought at the depot for $10 each; carting them away is the real expense.



Importance Is Stressed Of Taking Plenty Of Rest To Relieve The High Tension

No subject is more timely than the importance of rest, for there are probably more tired people in the world today than ever before. Nervous exhaustion has taken the place of the old-fashioned stomach-ache as the prevailing complaint of the times. The direct result of our strenuous life is that everywhere people are skimping on sleep.

Before dwelling on the subject of sleep I should like to point out that considerable rest may be obtained even though actual sleep does not take place providing one gives himself the proper opportunity. Many people have found that a few minutes relaxation even without sleep restores body vigour to enable them to carry on any particular problem with which they may be concerned.

It has been stated that man is the only animal who does not sleep after a meal. Most of us take a meal and immediately start in to work where we left off. Ten or fifteen minutes complete relaxation after a meal is well worth the apparent loss of time.

No doubt many of you know people who can completely relax for a comparatively short period of time, ten to twenty minutes, and start in as refreshed as if they had had several hours in bed. To these of you who are working at high tension let me advise breaking the tension with relaxation at periodic intervals during the day.

During the last war on marches the customary thing was to march for a period and rest for a much shorter period, and it was found that a greater distance could be traversed in this way than by keeping right straight ahead for a longer and more continuous period.

Let us now consider just how much time we do spend in sleep. The ordinary man, without knowing it, in the course of an ordinary lifetime, spends about as much time in slumber as Rip Van Winkle. The following table shows how much time the average person has to sleep, if he spends the normal amount of time in that way, and if he lives to the ripe age of three-score and ten. Make a note when your age is mentioned, and see that you henceforth get what is coming to you.

If you are twenty you will sleep 16 years, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours. If you are now thirty you will sleep 13 years, 4 months, 1 day and 16 hours. If you are now forty you will sleep ten years. If you are now fifty you will sleep 6 years, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours. If you are now sixty you will sleep 3 years, 4 months, 1 day and 16 hours. If you are now sixty-five you will sleep 1 year, 8 months, 3 days and 8 hours.

These figures may strike ambitious people as rather alarming. We are apt to dislike the idea that all these valuable years in one lifetime are to be spent in mere slumber. But we must remember that "sleep is a generous thief. It restores to energy what it steals from time."

It is not with the desire to encourage idleness that we point to the necessity of the average man and woman with responsibilities taking the normal eight hours' sleep per night such as advocated. Rather it is because the conditions which modern life imposes on us encourage us to cheat ourselves of that reasonable amount of sleep which is necessary if the human system is not going to get out of gear. Compared with animals, human beings have few natural resting habits and dispositions. That is partly because of our more active brains; the mind is constantly making suggestions for further activity. For many reasons man is a very restless organism; and the test is apt to be nervous exhaustion. As someone has said, "If you would live long, you must live slowly."

You are apt to read many things on the subject of sleep that you will find confusing. For instance, one of the greatest men of our time, Thomas Edison, did his very greatest work at an advanced age and yet he indulged in only 4 hours' sleep per night; and 4 hours was the allowance of sleep Napoleon permitted himself. But the latter's experience differed from that of Edison, for he was burned out early in years. He died of cancer, it is true, and while we do not know yet that there is any relation between cancer and nervous exhaustion there is reason to believe that his later battles and campaigns were lost by a man whose nervous energy was exhausted.

As well as sleeping the normal eight hours every night, it is important that one should sleep well. So to that end a few suggestions are offered. Regular hours are an important factor in the matter of health. Many people who suffer from insomnia have a lack of punctuality to blame for their suffering, and of all ills that can be inflicted upon one there is nothing quite as dangerous to the nervous system as insomnia.

If one is inclined to be early one evening and late the next, the brain is likely to decide that the late hour is the one which it will select for falling asleep. If one will select a certain hour each night as the time for going to bed, the nervous system is likely to respond automatically. Shakespeare said, "How use doth breed a habit in a man," and whether he knew it or not, he was referring to the quiet authority way our nervous systems adjust themselves to our usages.

It is a mistake to doze off in the evening before definitely going to bed. This takes us to bed in a state of mind that is half-asleep and half-awake, so that it is difficult to have complete sleep when bedtime comes. As the digestive system requires rest, and takes it best while we sleep, it is unwise to indulge in late suppers. There should be an interval of at least an hour and a half to two hours between the last meal and the time of going to bed. It is however, a good plan for people who have difficulty in getting to sleep, to take a warm drink the last thing before going to bed. It should not, of course, be a nerve-stimulant such as tea or coffee.

Upon consideration of the facts we have already given you, of how many of the next few years you are likely to spend in slumber, it is perhaps not out of the way to make a suggestion or two about the beds we use, the clothes we wear and the room in which we sleep. About the beds—they should be neither too hard nor too soft." The person who reports he is "just as tired when he wakes up as when he went to bed" is likely a heavy man who is sleeping on too soft a bed. On the other hand the bed should not be too hard, or the body cannot rest properly.

Perhaps the bedclothes are too heavy; it should be remembered that an elderdown quilt, of the type that almost everyone uses, is worth several blankets in warmth. The clothing of a personal nature should also be light, but should give adequate warmth. It is important that the feet be kept warm. Good ventilation in the room you use for sleeping is very important. It is a good plan to pull the bed away from the wall a few inches to insure free circulation all around.

One is often asked which is the best position in which to sleep. This is a matter of no importance, because the position in which we are constantly being changed through the night. Little by little, at intervals of from twenty to forty minutes the position is shifted, so that you may turn completely over several times in the night and yet be ready to swear you never moved. So you need not worry about the position in which you sleep; the body will attend to that for itself.—Health League of Canada.

Products Of The Farm

Exert Great Influence In Balancing Of Canada's Indebtedness

—Five million Canadians are employed in farming, and a further number depend entirely on farming for their subsistence, James G. Parmlee, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, pointed out recently. Unfortunately this latter number varies with the prosperity of agriculture, and the decrease in urban employment as agriculture is depressed, contributes an important factor in our relief problem of today. From 25 to 35 per cent. of our railroad freight comes directly from the farm. On a ton-mile basis, because of the long grain hauls, about 50 per cent. is attributable to agriculture. Again 40 to 50 per cent. of our total export trade is made up of products of farm origin and this is a prominent influence in the balancing of Canada's indebtedness.—Country Life in B.C.

According To Scientist

Retaining one's beauty it seems is not such an easy task. A Smithsonian Institute scientist has taken thousands of measurements and demonstrated that as a person grows older his nose becomes longer and wider, his ears lengthen and his mouth widens.

The University of Pennsylvania has a butcher's "bill" in the form of a tiny bit of baked clay. The bill is for three lambs delivered to the city of Ur, forerunner of ancient Babylon, and was presented about 2350 B.C. 2159



"May I use your phone? My wife told me to ask you for a rise, but she forgot to say how much!"—MacLean's.

Setting Good Example

Owners Of Jersey Cattle Have Attractive Advertising Sign

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Jersey Cattle Club in Toronto in February this year special feature was William Hunter showed the assembled members a sample of the big farm signs which had been designed to indicate those dairymen who are producing special Jersey milk. It was a big sign done in golden yellow with black lettering and hung on a strong metal pipe and the wording shows that the farm outside which it stands ships "trade-mark" milk to a distributor in Toronto who sells it as "special" Jersey milk at a special price.

A large number of these signs have now been erected and travellers along many highways within 75 miles of Toronto have been remarking upon their attractiveness. In every case they stand at the gate of a neat and prosperous-looking farm, with house and buildings indicating that a superior type of farmer lives there. Their Jersey milk brings them in a premium for quality and whether one believes all that is claimed for high-fat milk or not, the Jersey selling idea is evidently "getting across" with the consumer, for it is beginning in extra returns to their producers.

The Canadian Jersey Cattle Club some years ago secured a patent for the exclusive use of their neat little six-sided sign with the Jersey head in the middle. Slowly but surely they have been campaigning to get city distributors to pay extra for milk from farms producing milk from nothing but Jerseys, and to charge a suitable extra amount per quart to the consumer. The Toronto milk shed is the first big area which has been thus organized and other milk sheds will be organized as soon as possible. Whether other dairy breeds wish to or should follow the example of Jerseymen is a debatable point, but the new farm signs are giving to their owners a pride in their calling which is well worthwhile.

"Didn't you guarantee that the horse wouldn't shy before the discharge of cannon?" asked a cavalry officer of a horse dealer. "Yes, and I'll repeat it. He never shies until after the cannon is fired."

"And why do you think the air is more enjoyable in the summer time?"

"Because of the number of programs that get off it."

The Spoils Of War

Treasure Taken By Napoleon May Be Salvaged From Sea

When Napoleon invaded Egypt as the eighteenth century was drawing to a close, he picked up a quantity of gold, silver and objects of art. These spoils of war never reached France. They are in the hulks of sunken ships of war off the Nile Delta, under 100 feet of water and presumably, a heavy layer of the mud brought down by the Nile every year since 1788.

For, starting home for France with their treasure, the French warships met a British fleet, commanded by Nelson, at Aboukir. Not a French ship was afloat after the battle.

Now, a Rome dispatch reports, French interests have organized a salvaging expedition which will seek to regain the treasure sunk at Aboukir. The party sails from Spezia, Italy. Crews of the ships will be French, but the commander and the two divers will be Italians. They have a real job ahead, because of that 138-year accumulation of mud.

With the passage of years, tradition is likely to magnify the value of treasure sunk in sea battles or lost in other disasters. This may prove true at Aboukir. But Napoleon usually made a fairly thorough job of picking up valuables in conquered territory—as Rome, itself, may recall. At all events, the salvaging expedition ought to produce some valuable results, including an object lesson to would be modern Napoleons.

A Chinese Delicacy

Birds' Nest Soup Believed To Contain Strengthening Properties

Wealthy Chinese relish a soup said to be made from birds' nests. The birds are a species of swift, and they are provided by nature with special glands in the mouth which secrete a glutinous substance, and from this they make their nests. These nests resemble gelatine, and when stewed down make an excellent soup. The Chinese believe that birds' nest soup possesses wonderful strengthening properties, and persons are often ordered this soup by their doctors.

Scottish Barber (engaging assistant): "I may lower wages in the summer, because the work's easier."

Applicant: "But people get their hair cut just the same."

Scottish Barber: "Ay, but ye dinna hae to help them on wi' their overcoats."

A Scrap Quilt Is Always Popular



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Begin a Bit of Summer Pick-up Work Now

Nosegay

PATTERN 5419

This "Nosegay" quilt provides fascinating pick-up work for evenings when friends drop in. The blocks are fun to piece because of the variety of materials you'll use—each block different—each block an adventure in patchwork. See what fetching use it makes of otherwise useless scraps. A real nosegay you'll have, with its colorful pieces; a pastime well worth its while, and a quilt you'll always be proud to show!

In pattern 5419 you will find the Block Chart, an illustration for cutting, sewing and finishing, together with yardage chart, diagram of quilt to help arrange the blocks for single and double bed size, and a diagram of block which serves as a guide for placing the patches and suggests contrasting materials.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Preparations Being Made In Britain To Establish Transatlantic Air Service

Gloves Will Not Protect

Criminals No Longer Sure Of Not Leaving Finger Marks

No longer will the scrupulously gloved hand of the criminal protect him from his fingerprint expert at Scotland Yard, according to Superintendent Battley, head of the Anthropometric Department.

A system has been devised by him which reveals any microscopic mark left by a glove on wood or metal, so that the glove which has made the mark can later be identified. It was Battley who some years ago invented the single fingerprint system.

His new method allows prints which otherwise would not have been discovered to be brought to light by secret processes.

There have been several recorded cases in Britain and abroad in which fingerprints have been traced from a hand which was wearing a glove, and it is believed that this method may develop to an extent far beyond what has already been achieved. At present much depends on the type of glove used and the surface on which the imprint is made.

The fingerprint department is becoming one of the most important at Scotland Yard. Last year 21,767 identifications were effected from 55,899 sets of fingerprints sent for search.—New York Times.

Lower Marine Rates

Vessels Sailing Into Hudson Bay To Be Insured At Less Than Half Of Former Cost

This season ships navigating through the Hudson strait to Manitoba's ocean port of Churchill, will be insured at rates considerably less than half those in force the first two years of the port's operation.

Minimum rates in effect for ships equipped with gyro compasses have reached a point where the premium for insurance covering all risks on a 5,000-ton ship worth $250,000 is $13,115, making the pound sterling at $5. In 1932 and 1933 it would have cost $7,500 to insure the same ship.

In 1934 the rate on such a vessel was reduced to $6,150 and last year it dropped to $4,685. There has only been one marine casualty since Churchill was opened. The steamship Bright Fan, outbound, sank far off her course in the strait after striking an iceberg in 1932.

The Bright Fan struck Oct. 1, and sank 18 miles northeast of Wales Island. A 2,357-ton vessel, she was carrying 100,000 bushels of wheat. Her crew of 30 took to boats and was picked up by the ice-breaker N. B. McLean. No one was lost.

Weather Changes

Canadian Scientist Says Dry Periods Always Followed By Moisture

J. Patterson, head of the meteorological service in Toronto, queried about the statement of Henry Wallace, United States secretary of agriculture, that possibility of a "weather change" might make the United States an arid land, said Canadian scientists could point to records dating back 100 years which indicated dry periods were always followed by moisture.

"We know there are general fluctuations in the climate going on all the time," said Mr. Patterson. "Some may be over long periods, others may be short. Since the normal rainfall in the west is not much more than sufficient for agriculture, it means that the variation from that does not have to be very great to produce drouth in one case, growth in the other.

"All we may say is that the previous periods of drouth passed away and we have no reason to suppose the same conditions will not hold again."

Mr. Patterson agreed with the secretary that a thorough study should be made of the drouth problem, using every means at the command of the weather service.

A Mysterious Lake

Lake Wakatipu in New Zealand heaves like the heating of a heart with perfect regularity. The rise and fall of the water is about three inches every five minutes, and no satisfactory explanation of the phenomenon has ever been found.

This beautiful lake in South Island is shaped like the letter S, and is 52 miles long and three miles wide.

Sometimes a man is unable to make both ends meet because he keeps them headed in opposite directions.

A new British air centre is in the making while mechanics tuned up the first flying boat of a proposed trans-Atlantic fleet.

The giant four-motored plane, prototype of the airliner with which Britain hopes to establish a trans-Atlantic service, made its first appearance on the slipway at Rochester recently. Others are nearing completion.

The actual work of making Langstone harbor a combined land and marine base for empire and trans-Atlantic routes is expected to begin in another month.

Early next year, it is being predicted at Portsmouth, a service to North America will be under way, with two British and two United States flying boats arriving and departing weekly.

The Portsmouth town council has already approved the project of the airport, to be the largest of its kind in the world and to cost close to $6,000,000.

Government financial assistance is practically assured, some of it at least from the proposed new air navigation bill with its provision for a 50 per cent. increase in air subsidies to $7,500,000 yearly.

For Portsmouth the new airport would mean distinction as the air hub of the world. Langstone harbor, which has Portsmouth harbor to the west and Chichester harbor to the east, would become a large inland lake. Several hundred acres of ground would be prepared for the handling of land planes.

Britain's first efforts toward trans-Atlantic service are expected to be directed at Bermuda via the Canary Islands, with the North Atlantic crossing to be attempted later.

Expansion within the empire air service proper this year is to include substitution of Imperial Airways' flying boats for Australian planes from Singapore to Australia; use of flying boats on a service along the east coast of Africa instead of flying over Central Africa with land planes; more efficient service in general through increased subsidies, and carrying of all first class mail by air without surcharge.

When Law Was Savage

England Thought Nothing Of Hanging People For Minor Offenses

In the Middlesex assizes for 1614-15, the year before William Shakespeare died, 418 persons were tried and 160 were condemned to death. Of these 100 were duly hanged. The remainder escaped by pleading their clergy, proving that is, that they could read and write. Now the population of London at that time was probably a quarter of a million. In the year 1929 the population of Britain was more than 150 times as large. Yet in 1929 there were thirteen people hanged for murder in the country. If the law today were as savage as under James I., they would be hanging 15,000 people in Great Britain every year.

But it was not murder in Shakespeare's England. As the detailed figures show, England then as now, were not particularly addicted to manslaughter. There were only four murderers among the 100 hanged. The others were convicted of burglary, sheep and horse stealing, highway robbery, and no less than twenty-three of ordinary larceny. Over this story the Manchester Guardian puts the sardonic head, "Merrie England."—New York Times.

Sales Of Radio Sets

Probably the sales of no other device has climbed so rapidly as has those of the radio. Although comparatively new the radio has become a very common part of the equipment of almost every home in Canada. There were just under 29,000 receiving sets produced in Canada during the first three months of 1936. At factory prices these are valued at considerably over a million and a quarter dollars, an increase over the corresponding period in 1935 of 22 per cent.

The Smiths are on the balcony and can hear what a young couple are saying in the garden below.

Mrs. Smith: I think he is going to propose to her. We ought not to listen. Whistle to him.

Mr. Smith: Why should I? Nobody whistled to warn me.

Sergeant, to nervous soldier: "Pull yourself together, man! You said yourself that all your glorious ancestors died fighting!"

Nervous Newcomer: "Yeh, that's what makes me nervous."

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B. L. Stone, Publisher

THURSDAY JULY 30th 1936

TOWN OF REDCLIFF

The Local Tax Arrears Consolidation Act

The Council of the Town of Redcliff has passed a By-law declaring that the above Act will be applicable to the Town of Redcliff and said By-law has been approved by the Minister of Municipal Affairs in writing.

All consolidated arrears of taxes shall under this Act be payable by five equal annual installments together with the current taxes on or before the 15th. day of December except as hereinafter mentioned

The following persons may make application to the Council to come under the provisions of the above Act.

Any person, firm or corporation who is the owner of any parcel of land in the Town of Redcliff, against the title of which, there is a subsisting notification for arrears under "The Tax Recovery Act 1929.

Any person who has been a bona fide resident of the Town of Redcliff for 12 months immediately preceding the date of his application, in the case of lands which have been finally acquired by the town of Redcliff but not sold, or such persons personal representative.

In such cases where the applicant's property is to be exposed for sale at the forthcoming Tax Sale on August 22nd., 1936. such applicants should make their applications in time for the Council to consider same previous to that date.

Upon receipt of the application, the Secretary Treasurer shall calculate the amount required to pay the arrears of taxes, if the same were consolidated, and the applicant shall deposit with the Secretary Treasurer one fifth of such sum.

In such cases where the application to consolidate is made after the 15th day of November 1936, the applicant shall also deposit with the Secretary Treasurer sufficient to pay the current year's taxes.

In any event the current year's taxes shall be paid by the applicant on or before the 15th. day of December.

When the application is granted, the deposit shall be applied on the applicant's consolidated arrears, otherwise it shall be repaid to him.

In case the application is not granted, provision is made in said Act for an appeal to the Minister of Municipal Affairs.

The Council may, on the applications in writing of any person liable under a consolidated agreement under this Act and with the approval of the Minister, by resolution, extend that agreement for one year and waive payment of the instalment payable under the agreement for any one year of the years for which such agreement is made, in case it is thought proper so to do by reason of crop failure or other circumstances.

No buildings, fences, fixtures or other improvements shall be removed from any land in respect to which there is a subsisting tax consolidation agreement.

To those who properly come under the provisions of the above Act, all proceedings under the Tax Recovery Act 1929 are suspended in respect to the properties involved while such consolidation agreement is in force.

KEETLEY JOHNSON
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Cash

IT was very early in the history of EATON'S that the principle and practise of buying and selling for Cash only was laid down. With certain exceptions we shall mention later, this is still the EATON way of doing business.

Today we still pay cash ourselves for our purchases, because by so doing we are able to buy to the very best advantage. And we confine our selling activities largely to the same basis for exactly the same reason—because Cash Merchandising offers the customer the lowest possible pricing on whatever she buys.

On certain items of furniture, furnishings and other equipment we do, as a convenience to customers, offer the terms of the EATON Budget Plan. But the Budget Plan prices are higher than the Cash Prices. They have to be, because it does cost more to sell merchandise "On Time." The alternative of paying Cash is always offered, however—and there is always a worth-while saving when you do!

EATON'S

Interest rate for the 50% farm borrowers off the Canadian Farm Loan Board, has been reduced to 5 per cent.

DR. E. L. McKEE
DENTIST
Pyorrhea Treated, Prevented
* Phone 3945 Medicine Hat *
* Opposite Assiniboia Hotel *



A HOUSING PROBLEM SOLVED . . . Before Imperial Oil interests developed the oil fields of Peru there were homes there such as that on the left. Foremost in the development, which involved expenditures of great sums of money put up by thousands of investors, was a program to house the native workers. Its result was that rows of neat dwellings like those above sprang up on the desert near the oil fields.



THEN THE PHOTOGRAPHER RAN . . . This picture of a great wave coming aboard an Imperial Oil tankship on the Atlantic Ocean was snapped by one of the crew whose next act was to "snap out of it" into the shelter of a deckhouse.



HE CAN'T GO WRONG . . .
Clear, reliable road maps and courteous, helpful road and tourist information are only two of the extra services gladly given at Imperial Oil stations. . . . With Imperial touring information and Imperial gasolines and motor oils, you just can't go wrong. Drop a line to Imperial Touring Service, 92 King St. East, Toronto, for free road maps marked with the best route for that motor trip you are planning.

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THE REVIEW OFFICE

Living In Gasoline Age

But Many Are Still Using Horses And Buggy Methods

Prices for farm products are about the same as they were before the Great War. In the meantime the costs of professional services have risen, and the products of industry that must be purchased for operating the farm or maintaining the home are well above the pre-war levels. More than that, farm life has been revolutionized. The automobile has become standard equipment, while truck and tractor are common. The radio is found in many farm homes as are electric light, running water and other modern conveniences. The standard of living has been raised and consequently the cost of living has been increased. Using wheat as a symbol of all farm products, it first of all requires more bushels than in pre-war times to purchase necessities, because the price level is higher, and then more bushels still are needed to buy the things we did not enjoy at the beginning of the century.

This condition has created an urge to grow more wheat; more in fact than the market wants. Farmers have thought in terms of volume—more bushels—and in so doing have neglected the wiser course leading to quality and higher net profits.

Volume, or more bushels in other words, is not the solution of the problem. The solution is higher net profits. Ten cows of the right kind will put more money into the family exchequer than 20 cows of the wrong type. Five acres of potatoes properly grown will often return a higher net profit than 10 acres indifferently handled. Much of Canada's agricultural production is produced at an actual loss, and it creates a surplus that depresses the market for all producers.

We are employing horse-and-buggy methods in a gasoline age.—*Farmers' Advocate.*

Engines Replace Sails

Famous Fishing Schooner Bluenose Has To Become Modern

The stately queen ship Bluenose, North Atlantic fishing schooner champion, has gone back to the Banks—with engines.

But installation of a motor and stripping the fisherman of her graceful gear would have no effect on her racing career, Captain Angus Walters, her doughty skipper, insisted as he revealed plans to make Bluenose a modern banker.

"A vessel without power can't get anywhere in fishing nowadays," he stated and there was a note of sadness in the captain's admission.

His words sounded the death-knell for the tall-sparred sailing vessels which made Lunenburg famous. And the most famous is the Bluenose. She has triumphed over United States contenders in North Atlantic fishing schooner classics for more than a decade.

Parliamentary History

Says Canadian Statesmen Rank As High As Those Of Any Other Country

Canadian parliamentary history, in its brief period, could readily compare in oratory and intellectual importance with that of any other government in the world, Grattan O'Leary, associate editor of The Ottawa Journal, told more than 500 members of the Ontario Municipal Electric Association and the Association of Municipal Electrical Utilities at a joint banquet at Ottawa.

Canadian people, he said, were sometimes too ready to see an inferiority in their own parliament as compared to the British, a feeling which he declared to be quite unfounded. He believed Canada had produced the best and noblest type of politician and statesmen, who were universally concerned for the common good of the people.

Futurist Picture

Lord Riversdale told a story of a man who was taken to an exhibition by an artist, who said of a futurist painting: "That is a cow grazing." "Where is the grass?" the man asked. "She's eaten it all," said the artist. "Then where is the cow?" the man asked. The reply was: "You don't think she would be such a fool as to stay there when she had eaten all the grass!"—London Times.

Birds Build Apartment

That the desire for apartments has spread to the feathered world has been reported by ornithologists of Mullumbimby, New South Wales. In the rafters of a stable was found a wagtails' nest consisting of "three rooms and kitchen." The host had four parts resembling four connecting smaller nests, and obviously was completed in one season by one pair of birds

CANADIAN SEED GROWERS TRAVEL TO MARITIMES FOR CONVENTION



Delegates from every Province in the Dominion travelled to Fredericton to attend the annual convention of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association which opened on July 9th. The Association performs a very important duty in Canada by interesting Canadians in producing good seed whereby they will harvest good crops. Top, left to right, are the following officials of the Association: W. T. G. Wiener, Secretary-Treasurer; Professor Robert Summerby, Macdonald College, President; and F. W. Townley-Smith, Lashburn, Sask., vice-president. Below is a view of part of the Dominion Experimental Station at Fredericton, N.B., where the delegates met.

Oil From Tar Sands

Machine For Extraction Of Oil To Be Shipped To Fort McMurray

A machine said to be capable of producing oil from the tar sands of northern Alberta has been built by the Canadian Locomotive Company. Officials of the company say it has proven successful in tests.

The tar sands are said to be high in content of gasoline, kerosene crude oil with an asphalt base. The machine operates on the hot water washing system, in which the oil is separated from the sand.

The machine will be shipped to Fort McMurray, Alta.

Nearly 2,600 acres in Bengal have been planted to cinchona, from which quinine is produced.

First Church Bulletin Board

Was Used On Trinity Church In Ashtabula, Ohio

Bulletin boards now seen in front of nearly every church were invented by W. C. Grant, of Ashtabula, Ohio. The first one in the United States was constructed on the outside wall of Trinity church there.

Grant originally intended the bulletin boards for stores, railroad time tables, theatres, and other commercial purposes, but in an attempt to increase his sales he started selling his signs to churches. It was with the religious institutions that he found his greatest volume of business.

A horse never looks quite at ease riding in a truck.

Increase Advertising

U.S. Business To Advertise And Cut Taxation Bills

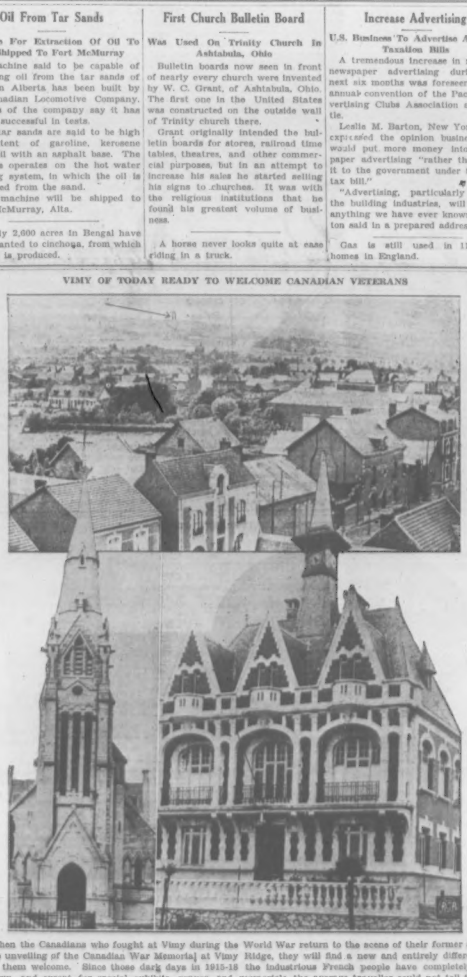
A tremendous increase in national newspaper advertising during the next six months was foreseen at the annual convention of the Pacific Advertising Clubs Association at Seattle.

Leslie M. Barton, New York City, expressed the opinion business men would put more money into newspaper advertising "rather than give it to the government under the new tax bill."

"Advertising, particularly within the building industries, will exceed anything we have ever known," Barton said in a prepared address.

Gas is still used in 11,000,000 homes in England.

VIMY OF TODAY READY TO WELCOME CANADIAN VETERANS



When the Canadians who fought at Vimy during the World War return to the scene of their former activities for the unveiling of the Canadian War Memorial at Vimy Ridge, they will find a new and entirely different town giving them welcome. Since those dark days in 1915-18 the industrious French people have completely rebuilt the town, and except for special exhibits, graves, and memorials, the average traveller could not tell there had been a war. These pictures show Vimy as it is today. At the top is a general view of the town with the Canadian War Memorial visible on the brow of the ridge. At the lower left is the new church, while at the right is the Town Hall.

Spends His Life Dusting

Little Old Man Takes Care Of Parliamentary Library

Down in the book vaults that honeycomb the foundation of the parliamentary library in Ottawa lives a little man who spends his whole life dusting.

For several months in the year he appears above ground with ladder, pail and three cloths and slowly circles the great round library where bookshelves line the walls to the height of 40 feet. One by one he lifts and dusts each of the 400,000 volumes, washes off the shelf and moves along. He has been doing this for 20 years or so.

Amedee Choquette is 73 years old. From the shiny crown of his almost bald head to the toes of his hand-sewn French-Canadian black shoes he is as neat as a new hymn book. He takes pride in this virtue. "See," he will say, smoothing down the blue denim jacket he wears over his white shirt and overalls, "I am clean, me, when I go from here dey don' know if I'm senator." His great love is work, his great hate dirt.

When he first arrived at the library as a general factotum and messenger, he was so appalled by dirt he sailed in and worked in his off moments to clear away the dust reposing on the tops of valuable tomes. Then, "when I finish after two years, de fire catch," he says sadly.

For about five years after the parliament building fire in 1916 Amedee didn't have much fun. All the stored volumes of newspapers were soaked with water; he took them out and dried them in stacks, carefully turning pages every day. The auxiliary cleaning staff of 12 women and seven men was under his management.

Now he has work down to routine. It takes him 14 months to dust the library when he is alone, but his son, one of eight children, helps him and they get through it twice a year.

Example To The World

Friendly Relations Between Canada And U.S., Stressed By President Roosevelt

President Roosevelt described the establishment of an international park on the Montana-Alberta boundary line as "evidence to the world" that the United States and Canada were "proud" of their relations toward each other.

In a message of greeting sent to opening of Glacier-Waterton International Peace park, Mr. Roosevelt said:

"The international relations existing and which have existed for so many years, between the United States and Canada are an ever-present evidence of the harmony and goodwill that may be enjoyed when two peoples on different sides of a national boundary are both inclined toward friendship and understanding. Therefore the creation of a common playground covering territory in both countries is something more than a gesture toward the ideal. It is an evidence to the world that each of us is proud of our relations toward the other; and a pledge that it is the sincere wish of all the people of both countries that these pleasant relations shall continue."

A Question Of Color

A young mother just returned from India had engaged a new nurse for her baby. One morning, the nurse came to her and said:

"I don't know what's the matter madam, but the little one cries and cries, I can do nothing to quiet her."

The mother thought for a moment. Then brightening up, she said:

"I remember now. Baby's last nurse was a brown one. You'll find the shoe-polish on the third shelf of the kitchen cupboard."

A Reasonable Answer

A very pompous and would-be clever school inspector entered a classroom and put the following poser: "If a road is 100 yards long and 20 yards broad, how old am I?"

After the usual silence, Johnny put up his hand and replied: "Forty-four, sir."

The inspector asked how on earth he arrived at the answer, and Johnny replied: "Well, sir, my brother is twenty-two, and he's only half-daft."

Might Mean Anything

"I have been twitted with being a turn-coat," exclaimed the street-corner orator. "Years ago, I admit, I supported the other party. Then I had a reason, but now, gentlemen (here came a triumphant gesture), now, I have lost my reason."

Budding Young Private Detective (telephoning to chief): "Mr. MacFlint, our quarry's left here for Toronto. Shall I follow him today or wait for the cheap excursion on Saturday?"

2159

New Zealand Experiment

Legislation To Assist In The Marketing Of Dairy Products

New Zealand is no small factor in the sale of primary products in the markets of the world and offers strong competition to Canada in dairy commodities. It is therefore interesting to all Canadians, particularly those connected with the agricultural and dairy industries, to note that at the present time there is a bill before the New Zealand Parliament which will make the Government the owners and distributors of all primary products. According to the preamble of the bill, which is known as the Primary Products Marketing Act, the aim is "to make better provision for the marketing of dairy and other primary products, so as to ensure for producers an adequate remuneration for the services rendered by them to the Community," but the main provisions of the bill are to enable the Government on behalf of the Crown, to acquire ownership of such products and fix the price from time to time. With regard to products intended for home consumption, the Government would be empowered at its discretion either to acquire ownership at fixed prices or to control the sale and distribution.

As it is not considered feasible to deal forthwith with all primary products, a start is to be made with dairy products. To bring this about, it is proposed to establish a Department of State to be known as the Primary Products Marketing Department and to be charged with the special duty of marketing all primary products in which the Government has acquired ownership or over which the Government has assumed control. All the officers of the Department are to be drawn from the highest experts in the land. After the passing of the Act, no contract for the carriage by sea of any primary product intended for export can be made except by the Minister of the Department or by his approval.

Home Of William Pitt

Historic House At Hampstead, England, To Be Razed

Historic Pitt house, a weathered stone house at Hampstead, England, closely associated with the Thirteen Colonies' War of Independence, will be razed soon to make way for a modern structure.

Pitt House was the home of William Pitt when he was prime minister of England.

He went insane and shut himself in a small room on the third floor—a room that has remained untouched to this day—and a hole was cut in the wall through which food and clothing were passed to him.

When he was a prisoner in the house his ministers revived the Stamp Act and imposed the tea duty which led to the Boston tea party and the War of Independence. Historians have said that had he been able to attend to the affairs of state there might have been no rebellion in the colonies against the crown.

The ancient house, standing on the highest part of Hampstead Heath 400 feet above sea level, is owned by the Earl of Clarendon, governor-general of South Africa. A few months ago the earl disposed of Kenilworth castle, another historic landmark.

May Have New Homes

Horseman Wants To Take Ponies From Sable Island

Sable Island's wild ponies may hereafter lead a life far removed from the struggle for food and shelter that is now their lot. A prominent Annapolis Valley horseman has applied to Ottawa for permission to move the 250 ponies now on the bleak island to happier homes on the Nova Scotia mainland.

No one is quite sure how in the first place these rugged horses got to Sable Island, known to mariners as the "Graveyard of the Atlantic" because of the many wrecks that have occurred there. Some historians say Baron de Lery, who made the first attempt to colonize Nova Scotia, left horses and cattle there in 1518. Both Champlain and Sir Humphrey Gilbert speak of cattle left on Sable Island by the Portugese. Others believe they are the descendents of horses carried in ships wrecked on its treacherous sandbars.

They roam over the sandy wastes of the island, situated 120 miles off the Nova Scotia coast. They have little shelter—only that which a friendly sand dune affords.

Breakfast table, lunch table, dinner table, bridge table. What is it about putting a table between a man and his wife which makes them fight?

"Drinking contest ends in draw." A tight finish.

THERE IS Smoking Satisfaction IN EVERY PACKAGE

Buckingham FINE CUT

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

More than 3,500 school children in the unorganized districts of Manitoba had their teeth fixed during 1935 by travelling dental clinics.

A super-silencer, which can be fitted to aeroplanes, motor cars, motorcycles and buses has been invented to eliminate street traffic noise.

Elsie Janis, actress and "idol of the army" during the Great War, has announced her intention of giving up all her "worldly possessions" and devoting her life to charity.

Hope that in another five years Canada's annual gold production would reach $200,000,000 was expressed at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., by Hon. T. A. Crerar, Dominion minister of mines.

The Soviet government has presented an official demand to Japan to call a halt to poaching by Japanese fishing vessels in Soviet waters off the Kamchatka peninsula in far eastern Siberia.

A portion of the remains of a giant mastodon which roamed this country about 1,000,000 years ago, has been unearthed on the estate of Conrad J. Osman, near Hillsboro, N.B.

Order-in-council published in the Alberta Gazette carries revisions to the Optometry Act, ordering that optometrists cannot offer free examinations of eyes, engage in misleading or price-reference advertising, or offer premiums or refunds.

The government icebreaker N. P. McLean has left Quebec for her annual voyage into the north, where she will guide freighters in and out of Hudson's Straits. Before entering the straits, the vessel will be used for survey work around the Straits of Belle Isle.

One of the largest consignments of butter ever routed via Vancouver was recently shipped from Alberta and Saskatchewan. The shipment totalled 794,000 pounds, was packed in 14,000 boxes and to transport it 26 railway cars were required. It will be sent to Great Britain.

Butter Awards

Biggest Creamery Butter Show Ever Put On At Calgary Exhibition

Manitoba and Alberta creameries furnished the competition in the biggest creamery butter show ever put on at the Calgary exhibition. Awards released show Manitoba creameries taking 29 prizes for butter made in May—four firsts, 18 seconds and seven third group prizes—against 27 taken by Alberta creameries—six firsts, 17 seconds and four third group placings. There were 60 prize winners in this class. For June butter there were 83 winners listed, with Manitoba having 39, six firsts, 25 seconds and eight third group prizes—and Alberta 36—eight first, 28 second and no third group prizes.

While there was no sweepstake award an Alberta creamery, the Stettler Creamery, had a score for the two classes of 193.9 to stand high. The St. Lazare Creamery, of St. Lazare, Man., and the Northern Alberta Dairy Pool, Wetaskiwin, tied for second place with 193.8. Saskatchewan, B.C. and Quebec dairies had a few entries. Mrs. H. C. Taylor, Heatingly, won the dairy butter class.

Soviet Newspapers

More than 10,000 newspapers in 86 languages are published in the Soviet Union. The aggregate circulation reached 37,000,000 copies in 1935, whereas this year it increased to 39,000,000 copies. Books and magazines are now issued in more than a hundred languages.

Elephants cannot trot or gallop. A walk and a shuffle are their only gaits.

U.S. Drought Conditions

Underground Water Supplies Shown To Be Seriously Lowered

Reports that the drought had seriously lowered the underground water table, an important source of moisture, prompted the United States geological survey to begin an intensive study of fluctuations in the Dakotas, Montana and Wyoming.

George Farrell, western regional A.A.A. director, said on his return to Washington from an inspection tour of the parched area, that there had been a very serious drop in the water table.

"The drought, while covering much smaller territory than in 1934," he said, "is far more dry, resulting in a very serious drop in the water table. Work projects for distressed farm labor contemplate a system of small dams which will do a lot of good in conserving surface water."

There were unconfirmed reports that over-pumping for drinking water and irrigation had sunk the water table below the point of capillary attraction to the root zone in some sections.

Oscar Meinzer, the geological survey's authority on underground water supplies, said field men in the drought area had been instructed to co-operate with army engineers in studying fluctuations.

Approximately 15 papers prepared on the subject for the American Geophysical Union, he said, had been sent to the government printing office. They are expected to disclose whether surface reservoirs may have to be constructed because of a decline in underground water supplies.

Soviet Schools

Communist Party Decide To Teach The Three R's Without Any Frills

The Communist party has decided to cleanse Soviet schools of so-called advanced and scientific teaching methods and to restore the old-fashioned schoolmaster with complete and undisputed authority.

The teaching of pedology (child study) is to be abolished and all published books on that theory will be criticized severely by the official press.

The party edict followed upon a meeting of its central committee, where "scientific classifiers of children" were accused of instituting an imported bourgeois system dressed up in Marxist phraseology.

A published statement charged the purpose of their tactics was to attempt to carry out the theory of higher and lower classes and races, based on the fatalistic idea that the capacity of children depends upon biological and social factors, and their heritage.

Under the pedological system, the statement said, thousands of normal children have been classified as backward and segregated in special schools.

These schools are to be reorganized and the pupils returned transferred to schools for normal children.

The practice of imposing "countless questionnaires and examinations" upon school children and their parents also is to be discontinued, the statement added. - "

Cannot Identify Soldier

Efforts Of Doctors For Nineteen Years Are Unsuccessful

What may be the last attempt to establish the identity of the "living unknown soldier," who has baffled scientists since he was taken to Paris hospital from the World War, is to be made by three eminent French psychologists. Nineteen years ago the man, whose name was believed to be Mangin, was found wandering in the streets of Lyons, France, dressed in soldier's uniform. He knew nothing about himself or his doings, and could not remember his name. Mangin was sent to an asylum, where he was questioned by famous doctors for year after year. Never once did they get a lucid statement from him. Meanwhile, men and women from all parts of France have claimed him as husband or father or brother. More than 200 letters have been received trying to identify him, but without success.

King Kong, the 30-foot giant ape of moving picture, really was only a man-made toy, 30 inches tall. Trick photography made him appear as a hideous creature of enormous proportions.

Absent-Minded Professor (to secretary): "I am going down to the town and if by any chance I happen to return during my absence, keep me here till I come back."

If you think your arguments are so convincing try persuading the small boy that he ought not to have a pet dog. 2159

FORMER CABINET MINISTER



Hon. Peter Veniot, member of House of Commons, who died at his home in Bathurst, N.B.

Greetings From Namesake

Halifax, England, Sends Parchment Roll To Nova Scotia City

Greetings extended by the borough of Halifax, in the west riding of York, England, to Halifax, Nova Scotia, were delivered in the council chamber recently.

Artistically executed on parchment, the scroll was protected by a cylindrical leather case, and was presented to Mayor Cragg.

The address came to this country aboard the giant liner Queen Mary.

Although the Empire State Building juts nearly a quarter of a mile into the air, it can be swayed only one-tenth of an inch in the strongest wind that will normally blow in New York, which is a gale of 110 miles an hour.

May Sell Buckingham Palace

Offices And Business Premises Now Encircle Royal Residence

Buckingham Palace, home of England's kings and queens for many years, may be sold as a building site for $15,000,000.

Valuers have surveyed the palace and its 40 acres of grounds, and, if it is decided to sell, part of the latter will be preserved as a public pleasure ground. It is understood a city of London syndicate is interested in the scheme.

Owing to the changing character of the neighborhood, the possibility of giving up the palace as a royal residence first was considered by the late King George. He announced that he was agreeable to the sale of the site for building purposes.

It is known that the King prefers his present bachelor home at York House, St. James.

If Buckingham Palace is sold, the "Court of St. James" would once more become an accomplished fact, and not, as now, merely a courtesy term.

A new business centre in late years has grown up around Buckingham Palace. Already offices and business premises virtually encircle it. Grosvenor Place, Grosvenor Gardens, Buckingham Palace Rd., and other adjoining thoroughfares that were given over to residential purposes until the end of the war, now have been converted into offices and business chambers.

Potatoes From Prairies

Potatoes from the prairie provinces are being marketed in Montreal, the shipments being induced by high prices prevailing." Ninety-pound bags of whites from Alberta realized $1.65 or somewhat lower than the prices paid for Maritime stock.

Crochet This Bag and Saucy Sailor



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Colored String Makes Top-notch Accessory Set

PATTERN 5343

Your Summer suit needs them—your print cries for them—these crocheted accessories which require so little time to make. If you're longing for a "sailor"—crochet one from this simple pattern. Its easy stitches are clearly explained, as is its blocking. Alternate stripes of plain and rib stitch are used for hat and bag alike, the latter boasting a novel "peep-hole' top. Make the set in cotton or linen thread.

In pattern 5343 you will find complete instructions for making the set shown; an illustration of it and of the stitches needed; material requirements.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY TRAIN



From the rear platform of the Canadian Pacific Railway's 50th anniversary train, The Dominion (upper oval) H. J. Main, general superintendent, Manitoba district, speaks into the microphone to the crowds assembled to cheer the jubilee event. With him are Mayor John Queen (left), Hon. John Bracken, premier of Manitoba; his Honor, W. J. Tupper, K.C., Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, who spoke in reply, and W. M. Neal, vice-president of the company's western lines. In giving the welcoming address, Mr. Main followed the precedent set 50 years ago, when the general superintendents met the sturdy pioneer train on its trans-Canada journey.

Below are hundreds assembled in the Sir William Whyte park, opposite the station at Winnipeg, where Premier Bracken gave a brief congratulatory address where the Countess of Dufferin, C.P.R. engine No. 1, now stands wreathed in flowers instead of smoke. In the left foreground can be distinguished Mayor Queen, Mr. Bracken, Mr. Neal and the Lieutenant-Governor and three old-time railroaders: James Goldenham, who drove the first Canadian Pacific train from Calgary to Winnipeg in 1884; J. St. Leger Maginn and Andrew Murdoch, all of Winnipeg.

Halle Selassie

A Man Who Refuses To Compromise With Disaster

There is pathos in the account of Halle Selassie's interview with Captain Anthony Eden, but something heartening, too, in the impression it gives of a man who refuses to compromise with disaster. Halle is no Richard II. of Shakespeare's drawing. He does not wish to talk of graves and worms and epitaphs, to choose executors and discourse of testaments, to sit upon the ground and tell sad stories of the death of kings. He would rather talk about what those who let him down when he depended upon them intend to do to make amends for their desertion. As they do not intend to do anything, it must have been Captain Eden who was embarrassed rather than the Lion of Judah.

The Negus remarked that there was still armed resistance in Ethiopia. Captain Eden replied frankly but firmly that such resistance as is left in that conquered country represents tribal separatism rather than loyalty to the King of Kings. He advised Halle Selassie to resign himself to the fact that he is an Emperor without an empire, assuring him that the Italian conquerors could not be expelled. To which the Negus rejoined that he would never abdicate but would struggle to his last breath for his country and crown.

Along about that same time the Swiss Federal Council was advising Halle Selassie not to attempt to reside in a villa he owns near Geneva. He was welcome, it said, for short visits upon which he might present his claims to the League of Nations, but Switzerland would be unable to offer lasting hospitality as long as Ethiopia continued to consider itself at war with one of "our neighbors." Not much comfort in that for a man who has resolved to fight to his last breath! The path ahead of him seems to be the old sorrowful road down which so many other royal exiles have passed to perpetual disappointment. But the world notes to his credit that he marches along with his head up and his spirit seemingly unbroken. That, after all, is about the most kingly thing a king can do in such circumstances.—New York Sun.

Hindenburg's Trips

Comment In British Press Over Airship Crossing Great Britain

Flights of the German airship Hindenburg over strategic areas of Britain and Canada were again the topic of anxious comment in the British press.

On each of its four voyages to-year, the Daily Express said, the Hindenburg has chosen different routes to cross Great Britain. It has crossed the industrial areas of the Midlands and the naval shipyards along the coast of the channel.

When it was in Canada on a recent trip, the paper went on, the ship hovered for quite some time over Prince Edward Island, and the ports of Saint John and Halifax. These two ports, it was pointed out, are the only ice-free harbors in the Canadian coast, and both have dry-dock facilities capable of accommodating warships.

Construction Work

Over Nine Million Dollars Expended On New Dwellings In 1934

Although construction work in Canada, as in other countries, has been in the doldrums in recent years, a statement just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics shows that in 1934, at the very ebb of the depression, expenditures on new dwellings in Canada amounted to $9,307,913. If most of this expenditure was on modest homes, with an average value of five thousand dollars, it would account for 1,840 homes, and if these homes were built on fifty-foot lots, on both sides of the street, they would form an avenue of new buildings nearly nine miles long. More than half of this avenue would be occupied by Ontario homes; Quebec would come next, and British Columbia, Alberta, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, and Saskatchewan would follow in the order stated.

Of the different classes of construction work in Canada in the year under review, that on streets and highways was much the largest, amounting to over 30 million dollars. The miles of roads which beckon the tourist to Canada are among the results of annual expenditures of this nature. Other large construction classifications were factories and warehouses, government and municipal buildings, and churches, church halls, and schools. The total expenditure on new construction was almost 118 million dollars, and over 70 million dollars were spent on alterations and repairs.

Importance Of Gold Production

At Rate Of Increase, May Soon Surpass Agricultural Products In Value

Hope that in another five years Canada's annual gold production would reach $200,000,000 was expressed by Hon. T. A. Crerar, Dominion minister of mines, who, with Hon. C. D. Howe, minister of railways and canals, addressed the Sault board of trade on the eve of a trip to the mining areas at Michipicoten and Goudreau.

Gold production in Canada last year amounted to $116,000,000, said Mr. Crerar, while total value of the nation's mineral production, including both base and precious metals, was $227,000,000.

Mining development in Ontario is, helping to bridge the gap between eastern and western Canada, he said, after being introduced by T. E. Simpson, formerly chief whip of the Conservative party in the House of Commons. While the ranked agriculture first among Canadian industries, in another 10 or 15 years, or perhaps sooner, mineral production might surpass it, Mr. Crerar said.

Italy's Policy In Ethiopia

Experts To Study The Resources Of The New Empire

Italy's policy in Ethiopia will be "no gold rush but slow, steady, well-planned concentration," said Count Guiseppe Volpi, appointed by Premier Mussolini with organizing branches of industries in large groups, including technical, scientific and practical experts, to study the resources of the new empire.

Six principles will govern the development, Count Volpi said. They are:

"Adequate preparation in advance so effort and money will not be wasted." Private enterprise will be protected, but there will be no monopolies, and there will be no harum-scarum rush of mushroom business men. No black army will be set up. The natives will be needed as workmen. The Italian race will be kept pure and every effort will be made to prevent co-mingling of the whites and blacks."

Count Volpi saw economic possibilities in coffee, cotton, wool and minerals.

Long Distance Conversation

Kelvin Rogers Speaks From Philadelphia To His Father In Australia

Kelvin Rogers, three, who came to Philadelphia from Australia to have a nail removed from his lung, sent his voice 9,000 miles by wireless recently to greet his father and his dog at home.

Speaking over short wave, he told his father, listening 150 miles from Melbourne, that he was a good boy. Then he let out a lusty "coose" to greet his dog, Brian, in the down-under manner.

To prove that the nail was really out, it was dropped on a metal ash tray and the sound was heard in Australia.

A leader of men is one who sees which way the crowd is going and then steps in front.

Coleman Hot Plate Cooks with Air!



Handiest cooking unit for kitchen, summer cottage, camp . . . The stove of a thousand uses.

- Burns 96% air—4% fuel
- Makes its own gas from gasoline
- Use it anywhere. No pipes nor connections
- Lights instantly. No pre-heating
- Economical. One gallon of fuel operates both burners 15 to 20 hours.

PRICED AS LOW AS $7.00! One burner and two burner models available. Ask your dealer or write for FREE FOLDER! THE COLEMAN LAMP AND STOVE CO. Dept. WU250, Toronto, Ont.

Thou Shalt Not Love

— A NOVEL BY —

GEORGIA GRAIG

CHAPTER I.

The noisy blare of Fifth Avenue traffic merged into the city's brassy, blatant symphony. Blasts of motor horns; a raucous-voiced four-note siren; the occasional shrill metallic whistle blasted by an Argus-eyed traffic officer; the rising and falling monontonous obligato of newsboys calling their wares; laughter, chatter, voices merging; that indescribable twanging hum—the blazing, bawling symposium of sound that is New York.

To one, half-hearing, it all had dissolved into the deep-throated tones of an organ. Playing—a wedding march. And each note that pealed out stabbed deeper into a heart already crushed and bleeding, hurt-almost to an unconsciousness of pain.

The girl in the smart black tailleur that spelled Paris, which close inspection would have shown had been too often brushed and pressed, stood before the great plate, glass show window of a Fifth Avenue shop, gazing with rapt attention at the tableau that was so meticulously and elabtorately presented there for the observationof Avenue strollers. Exotic-looking waxen manikins, tricked out in the latest foibles, portrayed there the dream of every girl's soul—a wedding ceremony. The shining black beetles of crawling cars in the street behind her rose sonorously in the swell of a wedding march, each note distinct, aching.

There was the bride, a glamorous figure in ivory satin and old point lace. Satin that gleamed like a shroud of mingled sunlight and moonglow about her slender grace. Lace like cobwebs spun from the froth of clouds of silver and snow. She carried a bouquet of life-like flowers in primly clasped hands, and a misty veil that cascaded in foamy illusion of tender white tropical moonbeams clouded her silky yellow hair and spread out behind her on the deep maroon velvet of the simulated church aisle carpet. White satin ribbons that stretched as from pew to pew, added to the illusion.

There were bridesmaids, too, startlingly colorful images with wide, filmy hats and molded chiffon velvet gowns in lovely pastels. There was a tiny flower girl posed in the act of flinging her posies in the path of the goddess in white satin. There was even, at the correct distance behind the bride, the matron of honor, on whose flaxen features there seemed to be expressed the proper amount of happy cynicism as she listened to the strains of the wedding march that were real alone to the girl outside the window.

As the girl watched she appeared—and felt—no less waxen than the models on whom the deep wells of her eyes rested, while slender gloved hands clenched tightly at her sides. Indeed, had the painted eyes of the posed damsels been possessed of the power of sight they would have observed that she stared through them rather than at them, and that in the dark pools of her eyes were visions which were beyond their understanding. And a symposium of pain and weariness.

They would not have understood. Who could have quite understood the mystery of that girl's eyes as she stared at the manikins, hearing that muted music which pealed from a strange, grand song—the song of Life, and Love to which she must not listen?

For here was no young bride-to-be making mental notes for her own trousseau or wedding, picturing herself as the central figure of some such pageant as that enacted by the waxworks. It was doubtful if she even saw the exquisite lines of their flowing gowns, save subconsciously, as that sonorous wedding march music beat on her mental ears.

It was the theatrical spectacle as a whole, symbolizing as it did the very spirit of romance which must be forever denied to her, which held the girl enthralled with a deadly fascination. She was transported mentally into a mad maze of thought which would have astounded and horrified the busy shoppers who jostled by her slim body, or those languid riders in the purring black beetle cars that thronged the avenue.

Any other girl in all the world, watching that waxen tableau could have dreamed. Rich or poor, dreams could not have been denied her. Any girl of whatever station of life might have gazed at that bridal procession, sighed over the beauty of it, closed her eyes and imagined herself stepping into the dainty shoes of the ivory satin goddess, and whispered ecstatically: "Some day!" And some day there would have been. . . Life was like that. For any other girl in the world.

But Starr Ellison must remain aloof from all the natural desires of her sisters, must put from her their dreams, their longings and yearnings for romance. She knew it, and the knowing was a castigating, bitter ache that seared her soul to its utmost depths. One stern, corroding commandment dominated her life—the little of life which was left to her. An eleventh—a most modern commandment:

"THOU SHALT NOT LOVE!"

The words burned in her brain. They seemed to dance in dazzling pinpoints of light on the background of that shop window scene, jibing at her. Thoughts whirled through her dizzied brain with lightning speed, jumbled bits of memory, too terrible to be recalled, too insistent to be denied; little things, fragments of speeches; remembered lines; and clearest of all, words learned long ago by rote:

"Love watcheth, and sleeping, slumbereth not. When weary, it is not tired; when frightened, it is not disturbed; but like a vivid flame and a burning torch it mounteth upward and securely passeth through all. Whoso loveth knoweth the cry of this voice."

Love! That could be love! The love she was never to know; must never know because of that relentless commandment. "A vivid flame and a burning torch—" She knew them, but they were not the flame or torch of love. They were burning out her life, sweeping back all hope that love should ever pass their blazing boundaries. Love—not for her! Never, never for Starr Ellison, in life, whose merciless commandment was "Thou Shalt Not Love!"

The simpering waxen faces inside their glassed enclosure faded. The foamy, lacy cloudiness of wedding pageantry blurred. Instead, Starr saw herself, as she had stood but a short time before, in a doctor's office. A new doctor he was, a man she had never seen before. He would tell her the truth. It was the truth she wanted.

The picture that came to her, spread out for her new memory, was unreal, as unreal as its present representation in the middle of a busy New York thoroughfare. . . .

It had not been like the usual doctor's office of shiningly white things that spoke of antiseptics and human ills. It had been a cheerful place that spoke of life. While he had sat there, robust and calm and spoke of—death. Unreal, all of it. . .

She remembered the sun streaming through the long blue velvet drapes at the window. It fell in laughing, golden patches across the Chinese blue of the rug. There had been a tree in the little patch of garden behind that office on the ground floor of the old fashioned brownstone and outside in its branches a bird had suddenly sung. As if its heart would burst with the gladness of being alive on this beautiful day. Alive! How had that songbird come to New York with that message when. . .

The scent of the roses in a big bowl on a table had come poignantly to her nostrils that quivered—just a little. And the doctor had said with blunt frankness in the midst of all that life:

"You might as well know the worst. You can't live another six months—"

There may have been more. What did it matter? What else he or anyone could say, after that. . . .

Perhaps he had been amazed because she had betrayed no surprise. How could he know that she had been prepared for his words that had made her accept them stoically as if she had almost been expecting the pronouncement of her doom. She was expecting it! That representatively modern doctor's words had only served to confirm what she already knew in her heart. She was a falling star; her pitiful light was almost burned out.

The same baffling, unnamable malady which had destroyed her father and John Lessing, her father's closest friend, companion with him through a lifetime of adventure and research, who had shared with him the insanity of his dreams that had taken them to living alone for that vast desert spot peopled with centuries-gone kings and queens, princes and princesses, councillors and men of high degree who had belonged to a glorious civilization before the name of America was known to men, was now destroying her, too. The three-thousand-year-old curse of a forgotten Pharaoh had reached out of the tomb again to strike into the midst of this modern great city's millions!

Starr's hands were clenched at her sides, hard and moist. Her lips moved in a repetition of words she could never forget:

"Thou and thy children and thy children's children—"

As she had walked from that strange doctor's office with head erect, unmindful of all those little things about her which whispered and sang of life, she had not spoken. She had not told him how well she knew that age-old words were being fulfilled. The curse had passed from her father to her. But it would not pass to Starr's children, because she could never have any. She could not live; she dared not love! It was a commandment in its primary meaning: "Thou Shalt Not Love!"

Egypt, and the tomb of Tut-Amen-Ra and the lovely, slender, sinuous, almond-eyed priestess whose long eyes had held the mystery of age-old love, and whom Ra had loved too well to be parted from in death, were so far away. Yet here, in the word's greatest metropolis of this new wonder-age, Starr Ellison was pursued by an invisible menace more potent than any tangible danger of modern city life.

It was fantastic, unbelievable, cruel! For a moment Starr swayed dizzily as the maelstrom of traffic roared about her. Automobiles, the rattle and clatter of trucks in the distance, the muted hum of underground traffic like an insistent drumming. The shriek of a policeman's whistle—It sounded dimly like one of those strange pipes that have been played in Egypt from time immemorial, always playing the same monotonous tune. . . No! She would not think of that! She must not! This was New York. People all about her, talking, laughing, hurrying—

Starr writhed suddenly as she realized that for minutes that might have been years she had been standing stock still before that pageant in the show window, that those modern-mummy faces were still staring her out of countenance as if pounding in on her tortured brain that the fiery finger of her destiny was pointing at her from that shining plate glass. She wheeled around, away from the mockery of that complacent bride and the imitation happy retinue.

A vivid-eyed girl she was, with long, curling hair as black as a gypsy's. Long, dark, heavily fringed eyes that were deeply mysterious with the feminine secrets of the ages. Her skin was the color of the bride's ivory gown, almost transparently pale. Her figure held a startlingly sinuous grace, but was slim almost to the point of fragility.

The tailored frock she wore spoke for itself as once having had its place in some such smart shop as that before which she stood. Signs of wear, though, were carefully hidden, and it would have taken the sharp eyes of a woman to have discovered them. To a man she would have appeared what once she had been, a girl used to ermines and orchids. A long time ago—so terribly long, it seemed now. In the dim distant past when life meant something.

Even shabby clothes, though, could not have detracted from Starr Ellison's beauty, a haunting, wistful beauty which swathed her in an aura of mystery, accentuating the enigma of her eyes. Those velvety black eyes burned with a bright, unnatural light, as though they had looked upon strange, unearthly things remote from the consciousness of the plodding everyday mortal. As, to her own despair, they had.

"It isn't fair!"

She had forgotten where she was; or did not care. With clenched fists Starr stood in the midst of the seething, busy city, and railed against the fate which condemned her, and set her apart, one alone, from the happy, laughing, careless, unthinking throngs who uninterestedly passed her by.

There was so much she wanted of life! She wanted life itself! And love! With her father and John Lessing it was different. They had already lived their lives, lived to the full, known all its joys, long before the curse had swooped down on them. Neither of them were young, for Bruno Ellison had been past forty when he had married, and Starr was only twenty now. Twenty! And her life, too, was spent, was over, without ever having been lived!

Twenty—and not once had she ever had a chance to live as youth of this modern day, her own day, lived, or knows life. Since the day she was graduated from high school she had worked with her professor father, followed his expeditions which were the breath and substance of his soul. She had been his companion, prepared his notes, taken the place, with heartfelt earnestness and to the extent of her ability, of the companion he had lost when his young wife had died in giving birth to Starr. There had been no room in that busy routine for love affairs, for anything of living — except dreams.

Starr had dreamed. That had been her life. Love she had dreamed of in quiet moments as a magic flame waiting in the misty, unopened pages of her future. That same love that "like a vivid flame and a burning torch mounteth upward and securely passeth through all." And now—Now came the damning realization that she had no future. The pages of her life book were all but thumbed through.

So much she had wanted! Freedom to live, a wide horizon, the great winds of passion, the terrible beauty of an enthralling love of which she had been so complacently sure in that "some time." She wanted the glowing, shimmering radiance of warm and langorous days and entrancing, moon-bloomy nights. She wanted the roar of love's primitive tom-toms tingling her blood, the clashing of cymbals, the castanets of life's dance. She wanted—Oh, so much more than she could express. It was in her heart—an aching need.

Just six months of life. And the scant odds and ends of change that rattled in her all but empty pocket book forbade even the briefest excursion into the scintillating world of romance. She would go down into eternity without even a memory!

A passionate surge of rebellion shook Starr's fragile form. Her eyes were like ebony fire, blazing out from her camelia-like face, as with fists starkly clenched, oblivious to her surroundings, she stood looking up through the sky-scrapered canyon of the street to the misty streak of blue-white of the far-away heavens.

"It isn't fair! It isn't fair! I won't be snuffed out like a candle! I want to live! I want to feel all that any other woman has ever felt! I want to play!"

"So you want to play, do you?"

(To Be Continued)

STOP Scratching

RELIEVE Itching of Insect Bites

Even the most stubborn itching of insect bites, athlete's foot, hives, scales, eczema, and many other skin afflictions quickly yields to cooling, antiseptic, liquid D. D. D. Prescription. Its gentle oils soothe the irritated skin. Clear, greaseless and stainless—dries fast. Stops the most intense itching instantly. A 35c trial bottle, at drug stores, proves it—or money back. Ask for D. D. D. Prescription. 27

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Rarin' to Go

The liver should pour out two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Harmful poisons go into the body, and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't always get at the cause. You need something that works on the liver as well. It takes those good, old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pounds of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless and gentle, they make the bile flow freely. They do the work of calomel but have no calomel or mercury in them. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills by name! Stubbornly refuse anything else. 25c.

Were Once Powerful People

Kuban Cossacks Almost Wiped Out In Recent Famine

The Kuban Cossacks, who declare themselves ready to slash heads with their sabres for the Soviet Union, are probably at best no more than a remnant of a once powerful people. With the Cossacks on the Don and Terek the Kuban Cossacks were almost wiped out in the famine of 1932-33.

In Imperial Russia they were to a considerable extent self-governing, under their own tribal organizations. They fiercely resented collectivization by the Soviet. The result was that the famine was used as a weapon against them and other recalcitrant minorities. Their continued resistance made them a threat to the State's projects, for they occupied large tracts of land in southern Russia.—London Daily Telegraph.

Has Two Jobs

Not only must a plant bud prevent evaporation, but it must keep out moisture. A plant takes the temperature of the air surrounding it and should any moisture get inside, a severe freeze would cause the plant cells to be broken by the expanding ice.

The successful man is one who has people doing what he wants them to do. 2159

Most Complicated Clock

Timepiece In French Cathedral Was Built In 1857

The world's most complicated clock, containing 30,000 different parts, is in the cathedral at Besançon, France. Constructed for Cardinal Mathieu in 1857 at a cost of $375,000, the clock measures 19 feet in height, eight feet in width, is three feet deep and has 27 principal dials:

The ordinary dial for telling time is set at the top, while below are other faces indicating the time in 16 parts of the world. Another set off dials tells the length of the day, the equation between real time and mean time, the seasons, the days of the week, length of the night, signs of the zodiac, the planets corresponding to each day of the week and even the day of the year. Eight other faces indicate the seconds, the hour of sunset, time of sunrise, the Roman year, the cycle of the sun and two other indications of ecclesiastical computation. Still another dial indicates the movements of the planetary system.

On the sides of the clock are dials painted with views of French seaport towns. Some pictures show stormy weather with small ships tossing about on tall waves while others depict calmer weather. Each picture is accompanied by an indicator showing the exact state of the tide at each port.

The 12 Apostles stand in niches above the dials and at each hour two groups of six Apostles change places with one another. Each figure carries some symbol by which it is known and with this strikes the hour on a bell.

The archangels St. Michael and St. Gabriel stand in niches above the Apostles and strike each quarter hour on a bell. Moving figures of Faith, Hope and Charity can be seen every hour.

At the top of the clock the Resurrection is pictured. As 12 strikes a slab of Christ ascends while Roman soldiers on guard disappear. As 3 strikes, the figure of Christ descends into the tomb and the Roman guards reappear. The world's most complicated clock is completed with a statue of the Virgin carrying a sceptre which lowers at the Resurrection and rises at the Entombment.

Valuable Stamp Collection

Five Albums Owned By Japanese Are Worth $100,000

One Japanese postage stamp worth $10,000 is the possession of Kazuo Takahashi, general manager at San Francisco for the Nippon Yusen Kaisha (Japan Mail Steamship Line).

Takahashi owns five albums of stamps from his native land, worth $100,000. The most valuable is a 6 yen, brown, uncancelled issue of 1875, one of two such stamps in the world.

The shipping executive began his hobby at the age of 10 when he was duped by the copying ability of his own people, and spent a week's earnings on some stamps which proved to be counterfeits.

He now is able to distinguish the cleverest forgeries from the genuine, and has become an authority on the subject as a result of his childhood experience.

Japanese stamps, the valuable ones, are hand engraved and printed on copper plates which wear out after a few sheets are made and must then be retouched. Takahashi has made a study of these retouchings and their varied significance.

Some Japanese issues, he said, carry a secret marking in the form of a dot or an unfinished twirl. Recently the country legislated against the manufacture of spurious stamps.

Takahashi regards stamp collecting as a personal hobby, and recently declined an invitation to exhibit his collection in an international exhibit in New York.

Was In Jameson Raid

Mining Magnate And Associate Of Cecil Rhodes Dies At Capetown

Sir Lionel Phillips, bart., mining magnate and associate of Cecil Rhodes, died recently at Capetown, South Africa, at the age of 80. Sir Lionel went to Johannesburg in 1889, and at the time of the Jameson raid was one of the four Uitlanders sentenced to death by the Transvaal Judge Gregorowski. His sentence was subsequently commuted to a fine of £25,000 ($125,000).

He's the luckiest man in the world. He has a wife and a cigarette lighter and they both work.

Girls won first prize in a whistling contest at the 1936 Welsh Eisteddfod.

Many of the cigarette factories in Egypt are owned by Greeks.

for STIFFNESS

Plenty of Minard's well rubbed in soon sets you right. Bathe the sore part with warm water before you start.

34 You'll soon limber up!

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Little Helps For This Week

Commit thy works unto the Lord, and thy thoughts shall be established. Psalm 145:2.

Lord, I my vows to Thee renew;
Disperse my sins as morning dew;
Guard my first thoughts and all my will,
And with Thyself my spirit fill.

Every morning think for a few moments of the chief employments of the day, any one thing of greater moment than others, your own especial trial, and the occasions of it which are likely to come during the day, and by one short act commend yoursef beforehand to God. Offer all your thoughts, words, and deeds to Him, to be governed, guided and accepted by Him. Choose the occasions of the day, which bring with them the most trial to you, to commend yourself more especially to the guidance of God.

Bronze Mortars Become Bells

Were Donated By Italian Druggists For War Use

The ancient bronze mortars presented by the druggists of Italy for war material now will become bells, not shells.

Originally intended to be melted down for munitions to slaughter Ethiopians, the mortars instead will be converted into a chime to ring out the new year in Addis Ababa.

This was the decision announced recently by Dr. Granelli, national secretary of the Pharmacists' syndicate. The bells made from the old bronzes will be hoisted into the Litoria tower which is to be built in the former capital of the Negus at some future date.

Almost every druggist in Italy possessed a series of bronze mortars, used to grind drugs and compound prescriptions. It was not until February that the government decided to tap this supply of metal for munitions and appealed to the chemists to turn in their bronzes.

Several thousand responded to the summons, but most of the mortars arrived too late to be used in the war, rapidly drawing to its close.

Lives Up To Motto

King Edward Will Not Fail In Service To Empire

King Edward recently referred to his motto, "Ich Dien", by stating: "As Prince of Wales I bore a device with an ancient motto: 'I serve.' As King I shall hold this in constant remembrance, for a king can perform no higher function than that of service." Referring to this statement, a newspaper reader who claims to have kept count says that since 1918 King Edward has made no less than 7,000 public or semi-public appearances, at home and abroad, in the interests of the Kingdom and the Empire.

Now it is predicted that trains soon will rival airplanes in speed. But there still will be automobolists who will try to beat them to the crossing.

Ninety-two-year-old E. H. Bailey of Florida conducted the University of Tampa band in compositions of his own.

A NEW SERIAL STORY

Starr Ellison, a haunting, wistful beauty wanted the glowing, shimmering radiance of warm and languorous days and entrancing, moon-bloomy nights; the roar of love's primitive tom-toms tingling her blood, the clashing of cymbals, the castanets of life's dance.

It however had been decreed that these must be forever denied her as her short life was to be only for play but never for love. How her entire life was changed by her chance meeting with Michael Fairbourne; then the apt meeting with the most dangerous man in New York! Did she not bear the reputation of being the most dangerous woman? Play-Boy—and Play-Girl!

How Fate and young love change the life of this "lovely creature of fire and ice" makes this novel a thrilling romance.

IN THIS ISSUE

MONARCH
Medicine Hat
Thurs., Fri., Sat. 30 31, & Aug. 1
Clark Gable, Myrna Loy
and Jean Harlan in
"Wife Vs Secretary"
Mon., Tues., Wed., Aug. 3, 4, 5
LESLIE HOWARD in
'The Petrified Forest'
Thurs., Fri., Sat., Aug. 6, 7. 8
MARION DAVIES
DICK POWELL in
"Hearts Divided"
Mon. Tues., Wed, Aug. 10, 11, 12
Miriam Hopkins, Edw. G. Robinson
and Joel McCrea in
"Barbary Coast"
Thurs, Fri., Sa ., Aug. 13, 14, 15
"Girl of the Ozarks"
a. G "Carnival"
Mon., Tues, Wed., 17, 18, 19
EDDIE CANTER in
"Strike Me Pink"

Three Left Wing Labor members in the Imperial Parliament were suspended for using unparliamentary remarks.

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OF
Summer Dresses
at Bargain Prices
Lewis' Bargain Store
Medicine Hat

Interesting Local Items

On Sing, who has been spending a holday in Calgary for the past week, has returned home

* * *

Mrs. L. Henderson and small daughter are spending a few days in Medicine Hat this week

* * *

Miss Terry Walker of the local post office staff, will leave this week-end for a two weeks' vacation at Calgary and Banff.

* * *

and Mrs. Luna and family arrived home on Monday from where they have been spending the past week with friends.

* * *

Southern Alberta wheat is streaming across the border at Coutts. Canadian farmers in that district are getting 25½ cents a bushel more there than they are getting here.

* * *

"Prospects of a poor crop in Alberta this year may result in lowering the amount of basic dividends,' said Premier Aberhart. He claimed the size of dividends depended on production.

* * *

Mr. L. Cahoon has been confined to his home for the past week suffering from illness caused by the excessive heat F. Soukup is attending to the carrying of the mail during Mr Cahoon's illness.

* * *

Even the water game fowl are now feeling the effcts of the long drouth. Sloughs and streams along which wild birds did their hatching, are now dry and the old birds have no place to teach their young to swim or forage for themselves.

* * *

On Monday evening last about fifteen friends of Mrs. Art Fitzhenry gathered at her home as a surprise party to celebrate her birthday. Dancing was enjoyed for several hours and sumptuous refreshments were served. A special feature of the latter was a three- tiered birthday cake decorated with just the right number of candles A most enjoyable evening was spent and Mrs. Fitzhenry greatly appreciated the kindness of her friends.

Mr Leonard Henderson is in Edmonton this week on business for the Dominion Glass Co

* * *

Miss Annie Shaw is enjoying a week's holiday from her duties at the Drug Store.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Backholz, with their daughter Miss Irene and Miss Annie Shaw spent a very pleasant week-end at Waterton.

* * *

The local Boy Scouts left on Monday or Elkwater where they will be in camp for a fortnight.

* * *

The erection of the new canning factory at Brooks will be commenced shortly.

* * *

BIRTHS

Gunderson—In the hospital on Monday, July 20th, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Gunderson, a son

* * *

Kostick—In the hospital on Thursday, July 23rd. 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. N. Kostick, of Redcliff, a daughter.

IN LOVING MEMORY

Treasured memories of a dear husband and father, Charles E Oakland, who died July 27, 1924 in Col. Belcher Hospital, Calgary.

"Ever Remembered"
From his wife and sons, Edward and David.

Clarification of the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, policy with respect to politics was given by George Ackerton, president, who said the United Farmers of Canada, definitely, will not re-enter politics.

* * *

Vimy pilgrims who left Canada for the unveiling of Canada's memorial on Vimy Ridge were greatly touched by the impressive ceremony.

* * *

On Monday most of them left for other interesting parts of Belgium and France and later left for England where Old Country pilgrims will visit their old homes.

* * *

Tumble weed, which in wet seasons has been a curse to the farmers is now being searched for feed to be used this coming winter. Unfortunately there is not even a crop of this weed this year, owing to the long drouth. Feed will be a serious question this year.

* * *

Mrs. R. Morton and children for a few weeks with Mrs of Nevada are here on a visit Morton's brother Mr. Fred. Bailey and Mrs. Bailey.

* * *

R. M. S. "Queen Mary" made the fastest crossing over the Atlantic from Europe to New York this week, although she did not win the blue ribbon as her course was shorter than the Normandie's and did not lower the milage per nour. The Queen Mary did 3,098 nautica miles in 4 days, 8 hous 37 minutes. The Normandie did 3,192 miles in 4 days 11 hours 42 minutes. Normandie's speed averaged 29.64 knots for the crossing and Queen Mary's average was 29.61 knots.

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Starts Friday Morning at 9 a. m.
THE BIGGEST BARGAIN FESTIVAL of
Chesterfields, Stoves, Dining Room Suites, Odd Furniture, Bedroom Suites, Occasional Chairs, Bed Springs and Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Dinner Sets, Mirrors, Used Furniture, Pianos, Phonograph
Join The Crowd for Real Bargains
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All Kinds of
Building Material and Mill Work
Glass, Windshields, Door Lights, Etc.
At Reasonable Prices
The Gas City Planing Mill
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Dry Cleaning Done in Town
Get Your Old Clothes Cleaned Up For Spring
We are Prepared to Dry Clean and Press
SUITS, OVERCOATS and PLAIN DRESSES For $1.25
Goods Called For and Delivered
GIVE US A TRIAL
LEUNG BROS.
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AT
The LePage Store
Third St., Medicine Hat

Women's White Sport Shoes in either Oxford or Sandal Style, Low Military Heels, sizes 3½ to 7½ . . . $2.75
Men's Pants These Khaki Drill Pants are just the thing for hot weather. Cuff Bottoms and Belt Loops, sizes 23 to 42 $1.95
Voiles Imported Voiles in Pretty Patterns and Colors 36 inches wide, Guaranteed Fast Colors. Special Three Yards for . . $1.00
Slacks Always handy to have pair of Slacks Blue cotton drill, nicely finished . . $1.65 Sizes 14 to 18

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Here's an Exceptional Offer for
Current Models of Fords, Chevrolets, Plymouths, Terraplanes
Covers at a Saving of Several Dollars
2 Passenger Coupe - $5.50
Sedans or Coaches - $9.75
Complete Covering—Smart, Good Looking— Quantity Limited
BENY & SON LIMITED
Medicine Hat, Alberta.

IMPARTIAL AS LIGHT



YOU cannot argue with light. It just shows you things as they are. It plays no favorites. It gives brightness to the things that are already beautiful and it floods revealingly into the dark corners to show the dust and the grimie and the hidden ugliness. If you guess at the nature and quality of things that are only half seen, if you see things that are not there, your eyes and your imagination are to blame. You cannot blame the light. For it can only illumine the aspects that are turned towards it.

NEWS is like light. It sheds a beam on men and events. It lifts the darkness from promotions and policies. It penetrates to hidden things and shows the truth as it is, for all to see.

THE news columns of a good newspaper are impartial. They tell the truth as it is found, they give all the facts that are known. The same news that guides its editorial opinions is there in full to inform your own judgments. It is the chiefest function of a reputable newspaper to bring everything of importance to the people into the daylight of publicity, discouraging vice and corruption and chicanery.

The independent newspapers of Southern Alberta shed the light of truth on the happenings and developments that interest you. Read them, confident in their integrity.

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ALL OUR ADVERTISERS SAY SO

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"The Hub" Money-Saving Sale
Only a Few More Days to go. Here's a Few of the Many Values:

Oxford Clearing Special
Men's Two Tone Oxfords, in Black and White and Brown and Tan, Solid Leather Reg. $5.00, Sale Value . . . $2.95

COTTON GLOVES SALE 2 Pair for 25c
WORK SOX SALE 2 Pair for - - 35c

OVERALL PANTS for Men, Reg. $1.75 value, SALE $1.25
OVERALL PANTS for Boys, 6 to 16, reg. $1.65 SALE $1.19

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